



Being self-determined means acting or causing things to happen as you set and work toward goals.



Self-Determination is a

...dispositional characteristic manifested as acting as the causal agent in one's life. Self-determined people (i.e., causal agents) act in service to freely chosen goals.

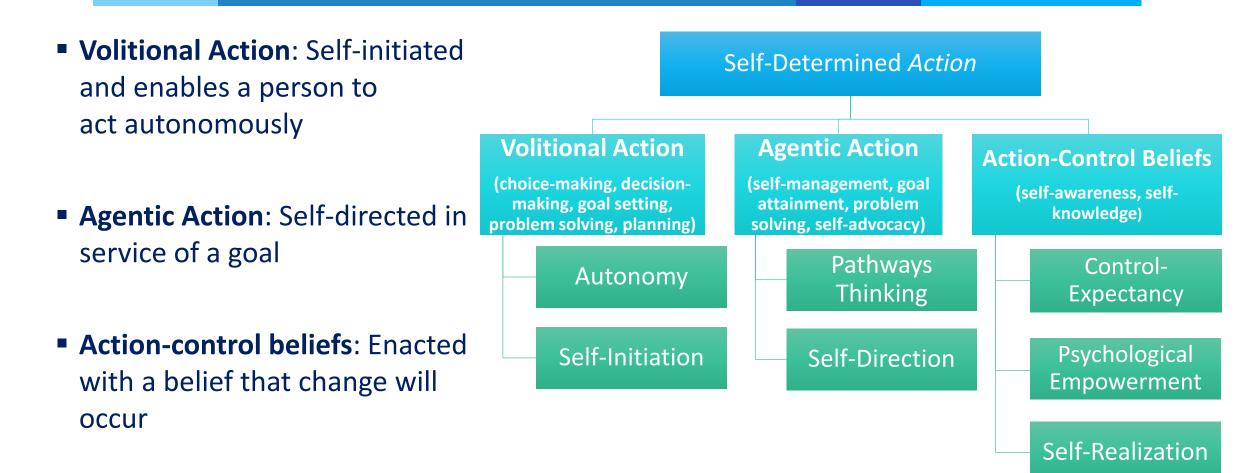
DEFINITION

People who are *causal agents* make, or cause, things to happen in their lives.

• They are "goal chasers."

(Shogren et al., 2015)

Self-Determined Action



Self-determination

IN PRACTICE

Providing supports and accommodations as necessary <u>Teaching</u> the skills associated with selfdetermination

✓ Choice-making

- ✓ Decision-making
- ✓ Problem solving
- ✓ Goal-setting
- ✓ Goal attainment
- ✓ Self-management
- ✓ Self-advocacy
- ✓ Self-awareness
- ✓ Self-knowledge

Providing opportunities to use and practice these skills

When student self-determination is promoted, they achieve:

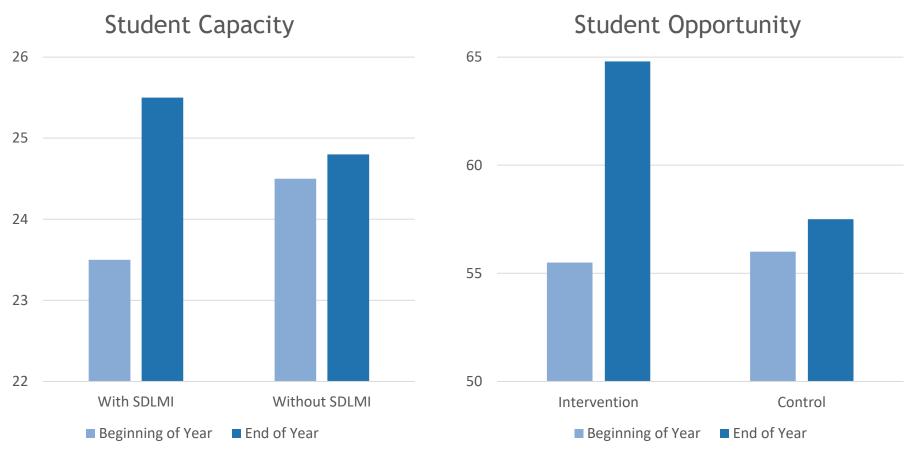
OUTCOMES

• Progress in general education Greater academic curriculum achievement • Academic goal attainment Postsecondary education Increased postsecondary • Employment outcomes • Community Participation

Shogren, K. A., Palmer, S. B., Wehmeyer, M. L., Williams-Diehm, K., & Little, T. D. (2012). Effect of intervention with the Self-Determined Learning Model of Instruction on access and goal attainment. *Remedial and Special Education, 33*, 320-330.
Shogren, K. A., Wehmeyer, M. L., Palmer, S. B., Rifenbark, G. G., & Little, T. D. (2015). Relationships between self-determination and postschool outcomes for youth with disabilities. *The Journal of Special Education, 48*, 256-267.
Wehmeyer, M. L., Shogren, K. A., Palmer, S. B., Williams-Diehm, K. L., Little, T. D., & Boulton, A. (2012). The impact of the Self-Determined Learning Model of Instruction on student self-determination. *Exceptional Children, 78*, 135-153.

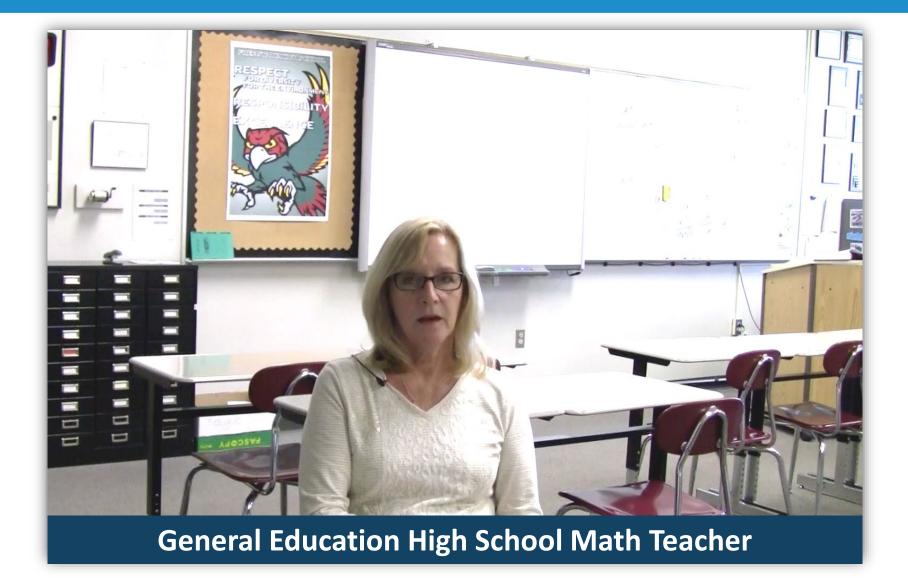






(Shogren, Plotner, Palmer, Wehmeyer, & Paek, 2014)

How does the SDLMI impact student outcomes?



STUDENT REFLECTIONS ON THE SDLMI



Self-determination

IN PRACTICE

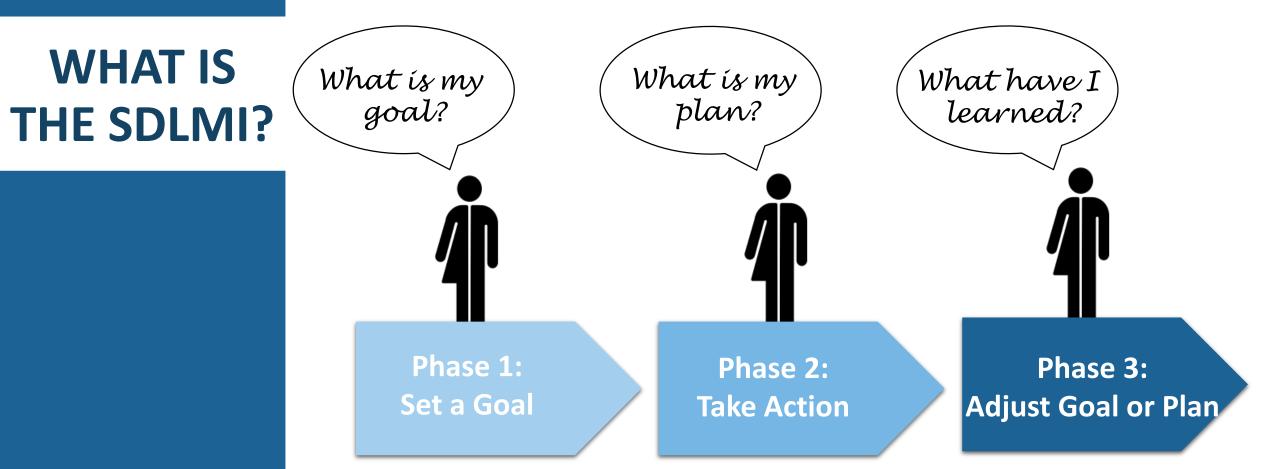
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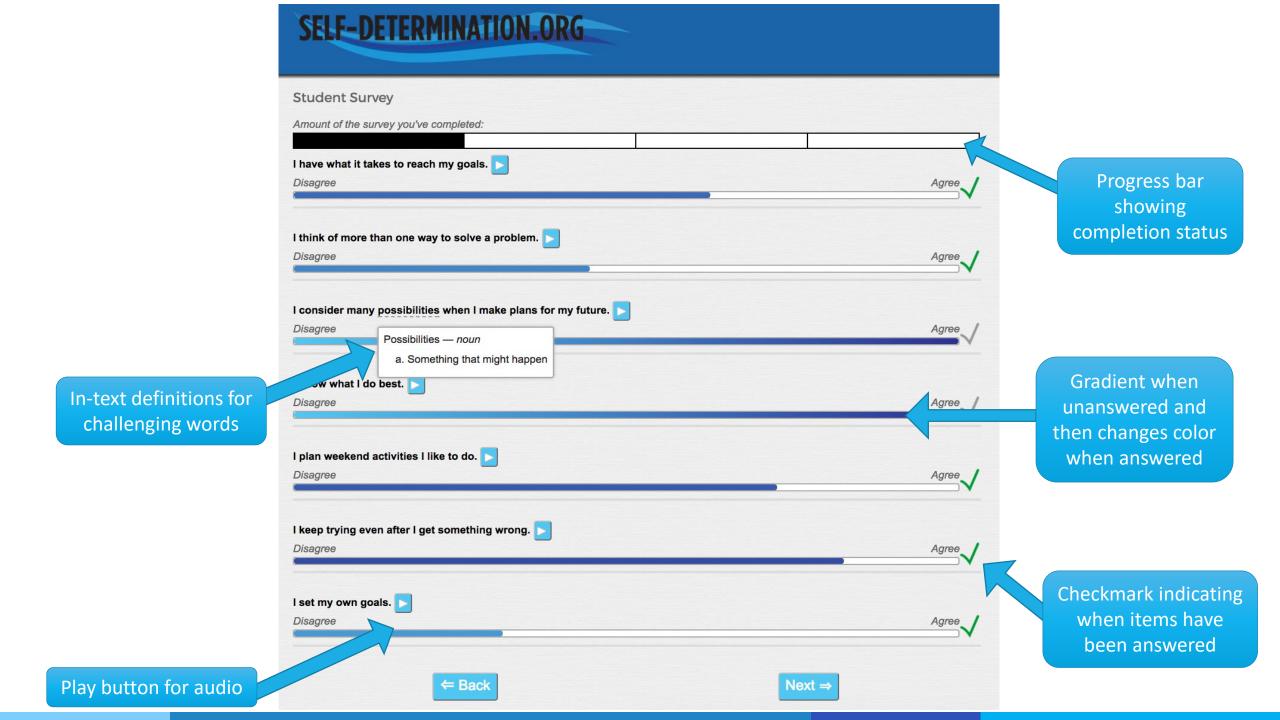
Providing opportunities to use and practice these skills Teaching model that **enables teachers to teach students how** to use a problem solving, goal-setting strategy to:

- Make choices and decisions about setting a goal
- Develop action plans for academic goals
- Self-monitor and self-evaluate progress toward academic goals

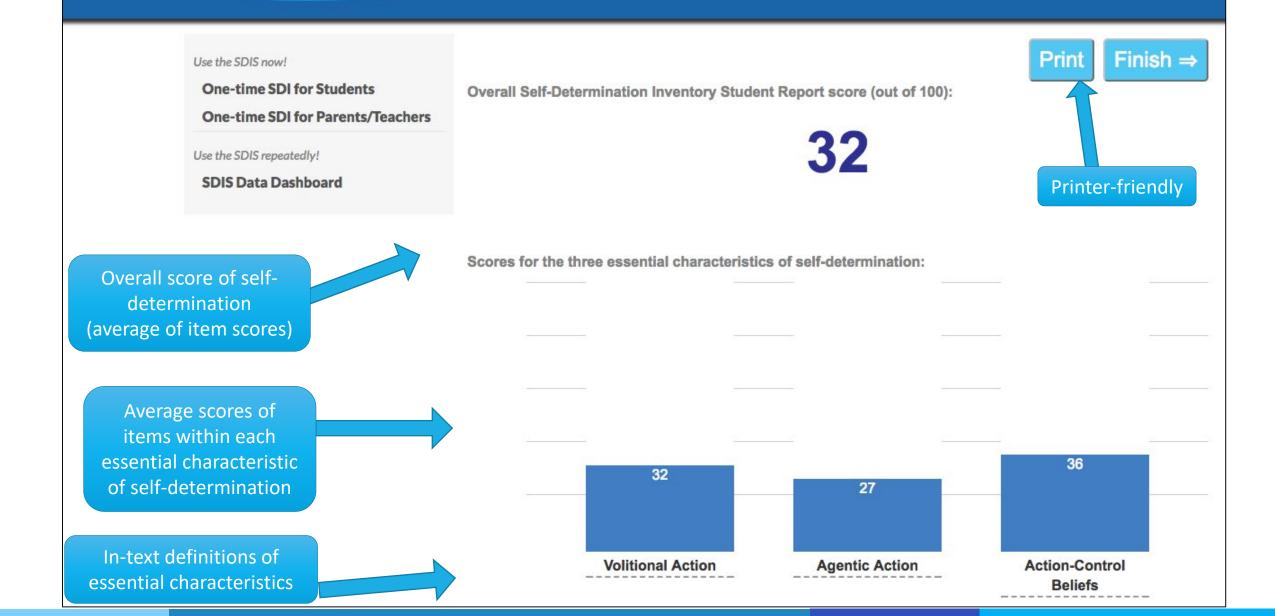


Self-Determination Inventory: Student Report (SDI:SR)

- The SDI:SR asks students questions about how they feel about their ability to be self-determined; that is, to make choices, set and go after goals, and make decisions.
- 21 items (takes only 10 minutes to finish)
- Validated for people aged 13 to 22
- Online with accessibility features:
 - ✓ In-text word definitions
 - ✓ Audio playback
 - ✓ Mobile/tablet compatibility
 - ✓ Average grade reading level: 2.8



SELF-DETERMINATION.ORG



Teachers can use the SDLMI in a variety of **settings** with a variety of **goals**:

- Academic goals in general education classes
- Employment goals at job sites
- Independent living goals in the community

HOW TO USE

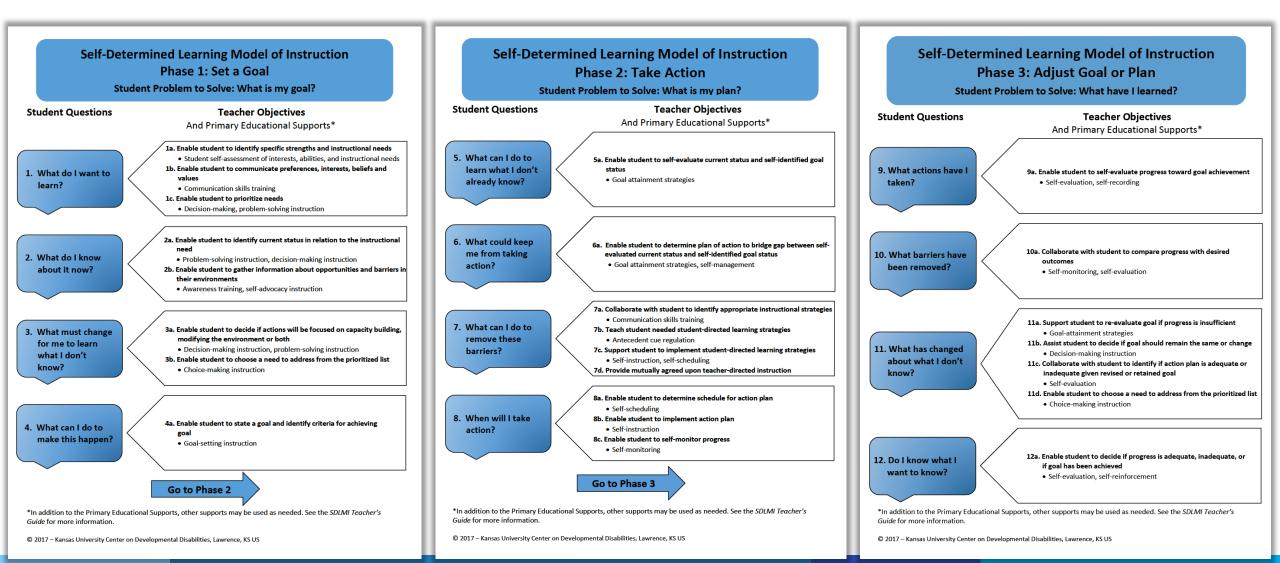
THE SDLMI

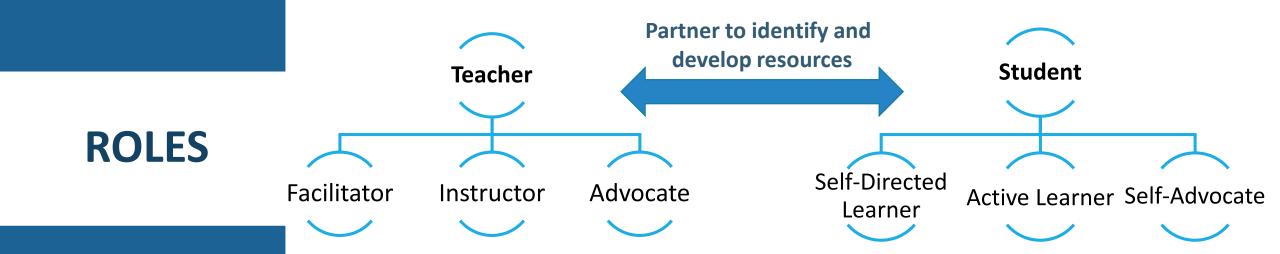
Guided by Student Questions as teachers meet Teacher Objectives and uses Educational Supports

The amount of time it takes **depends on the supports** each student needs Student Questions Teacher Objectives

Educational Supports

PHASES OF THE SDLMI





TIME

 ✓ 15-minute lessons twice a week on skills on how to identify a goal, how to solve problems, etc.

STUDENT GOALS

✓ Goals related to core content academic achievement:

• Building content-specific skills (e.g., writing organization)

- Being prepared for class (e.g., organizing notes before coming to class)
- Improving general academic skills (e.g., increasing quantity of notes taken)

WHEN

- Embedded during regular content instruction
- ✓ The teacher supports students, but students self-direct the process

• WHO

✓ Mini-lessons taught by both general and special education teachers

KEY INFORMATION

SAMPLE SCHEDULE

Sample SDLMI Implementation Schedule								
Week	Day	Mini-Lesson Topic	Mini-Lesson Notes					
1	Wednesday, January 18	SDI:SR/SDI:PTR Pre-test	Take the SDI:SR and SDI:PTR online					
1	Friday, January 20	Preliminary Conversation, Part 1	Introduction to Self-Determination					
2	Wednesday, January 25	Preliminary Conversation, Part 2	About the SDLMI					
2	Friday, January 27 th	Preliminary Conversation, Part 3	SDLMI Key Terms and Student/Teacher Roles					
3	Wednesday, February 1 st	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQs 1 and 2 with a goal unrelated to core content					
5	Friday, February 3 rd	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQs 3 and 4 with a goal unrelated to core content					
4	Wednesday, February 8 th	Phase 2: Take Action	SQs 5 and 6 with a goal unrelated to core content					
-	Friday, February 10 th	Phase 2: Take Action	SQs 7 and 8 with a goal unrelated to core content					
5	Wednesday, February 15 th	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQs 9 and 10 with a goal unrelated to core content					
5	Monday, February 20 ^{th*}	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQs 11 and 12 with a goal unrelated to core content					
6	Wednesday, February 22 nd	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQ 1: What do I want to learn? with core content goal					
•	Monday, February 26 th	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQ 2: What do I know about it now? with core content goal					
7	Wednesday, March 1 st	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQ 3: What must change for me learn what I don't know? with core content goal					
'	Friday, March 3 rd	Phase 1: Set a Goal	SQ 4: What can I do to make this happen? with core content goal					
8	Wednesday, March 8 th	Write your goal: GAS	Write down goals individually using the GAS and then share					
°	Friday, March 10 th		No School – Professional Development Day					
9	Wednesday, March 15 th	Phase 2: Take Action	SQ5: What can I do to learn what I don't know? with core content goal					
5	Friday, March 17 th	Phase 2: Take Action	SQ6: What could keep me from taking action? with core content goal					
10	Wednesday, March 22 nd	No School – Spring Break						
10	Friday, March 24 th	No School – Spring Break						
11	Wednesday, March 29 th	After Spring Break SDLMI Review	Review where you are in your planning process after a week off					
	Friday, March 31 st	Phase 2: Take Action	SQ7: What can I do to remove these barriers? with core content goal					
12	Wednesday, April 5 th	Phase 2: Take Action	SQ8: When will I take action? with core content goal					
12	Friday, April 7 th		No School – Parent/ Teacher Conferences					
13	Wednesday, April 12 th	No School - Professional Development Day						
15	Friday, April 14 th	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQ9: What actions have I taken? with core content goal					
14	Wednesday, April 19 th	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQ10: What barriers have been removed? with core content goal					
14	Friday, April 21 st	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQ11: What has changed about what I don't know? with core content goal					
15	Wednesday, April 26 th	Phase 3: Adjust Goal or Plan	SQ 12: Do I know what I want to know? with a core content goal					
13	Friday, April 28 th	Celebration!	Congratulations on working on your goal!					
16	Wednesday, May 3 rd	GAS, reflection, and planning	GAS, reflection about the process, and planning what the next goal will be					
10	Friday, May 5 th	SDI:SR/SDI:PTR Post-test	Take the SDI:SR and SDI:PTR online					

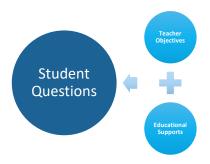
The general education teacher identified the goal areas that all students would benefit from working on:



<u>Goal example</u>: I will put my math book in my backpack every night before going to bed. <u>Goal example</u>: I will write down everything the teacher writes on the board and 3 things she says during class. <u>Goal example</u>: I will circle key variables in word problems.

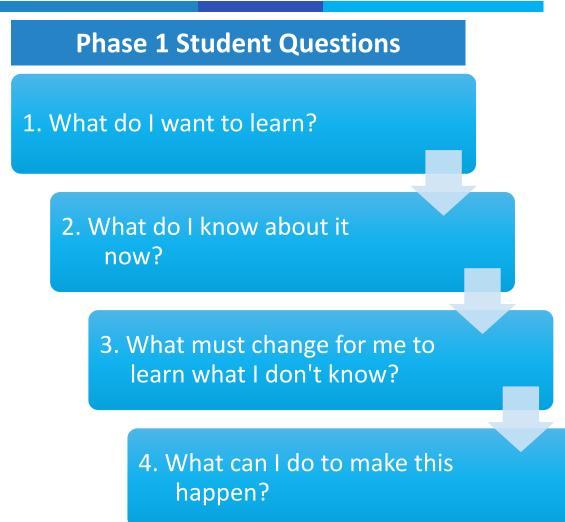
The SDLMI provides a way for teachers to support students identify **what it takes** to reach their goals and allow the students to **make it happen**

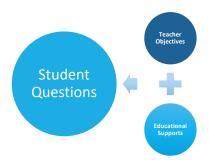
GOAL AREAS



PHASE 1 STUDENT QUESTIONS

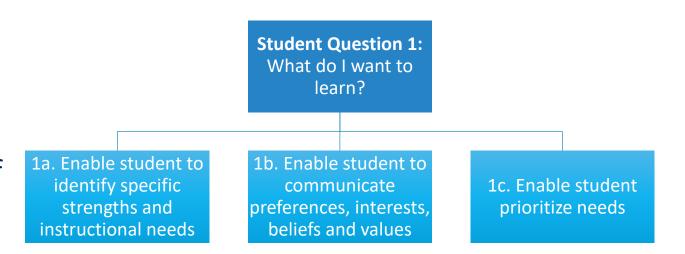
- Phrased in "first-person voice"
- Follow a sequence so that the student sets a goal by the end of Phase 1
- Variability in the amount of time it might take to answer each question because it is an individualized process

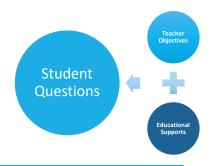




PHASE 1 TEACHER OBJECTIVES

- Specific Teacher Objectives are linked to each Student Question
- Serve as a "Road Map" for teacher to enable student to answer Student Questions to ultimately set a goal by the end of the Phase
- Teachers should meet each objective before the student starts the next Student Question

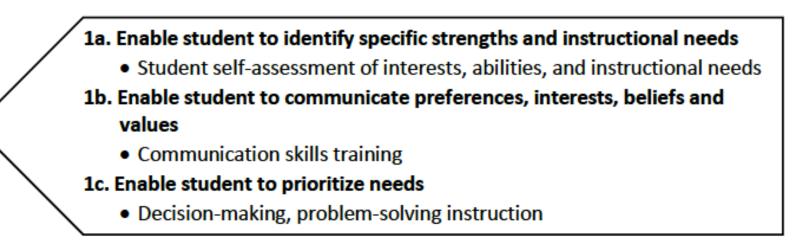




EDUCATIONAL SUPPORTS

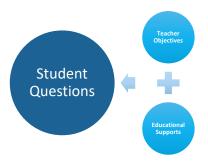
- Provide a means for educators to use **individualized supports** to enable students to begin to **teach themselves**.
- Enable students to:
 - Successfully self-direct their learning
 - Modify and **regulate** their own behavior

1. What do I want to learn?



EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT: SELF-ASSESSMENT

Reading and Writing Self-Assessment								
I can read most three-letter words.	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			
I speak a language other than English.	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			
I can read two-page passages.	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			
I can type on the computer.	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			
I can summarize a story in five sentences.	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree			



PHASE 2 STUDENT QUESTIONS

- Phrased in "first-person voice"
- Follow a sequence so that the student makes an action plan by the end of Phase 2
- Variability in the amount of time it might take to answer each question because it is an individualized process

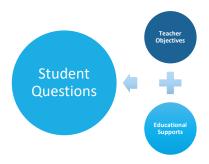
Phase 2 Student Questions

5. What can I do to learn what I don't already know?

6. What could keep me from taking action?

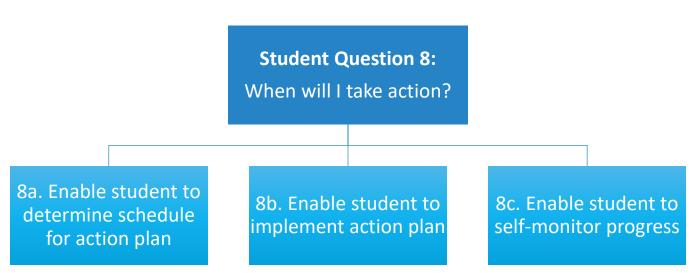
7. What can I do to remove these barriers?

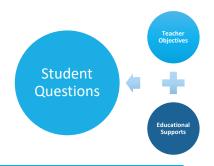
8. When will I take action?



PHASE 2 TEACHER OBJECTIVES

- Like Phase 1, Teacher Objectives are linked to each Student Question
- Enable teachers to support students in making a plan by the end of the Phase
- Teachers should meet each objective before the student starts the next Student Question





EDUCATIONAL SUPPORTS

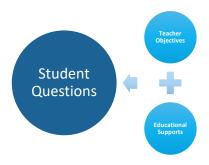
- Provide a means for educators to use **individualized supports** to enable students to begin to **teach themselves**.
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- 8a. Enable student to determine schedule for action plan
 - Self-scheduling
- 8b. Enable student to implement action plan
 - Self-instruction
- 8c. Enable student to self-monitor progress
 - Self-monitoring

EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT: SELF-SCHEDULING

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
7:30-8AM	Morning tutoring		Morning tutoring		Morning tutoring
8AM-2PM	School	School	School	School	School
2-3PM	Soccer practice	Study with Amelia	Soccer practice	Comic Books Club Meeting	Free afternoon!
3-4PM		Choir	·	Choir	Choir
4-6PM	Check planner / Homework	Check planner / Homework	Check planner / Homework	Check planner/ Homework	Check planner/ Homework
9:30-10PM	Set alarm/get ready for bed	Set alarm/get ready for bed	Set alarm/get ready for bed	Set alarm/get ready for bed	Set alarm/get ready for bed



PHASE 3 STUDENT QUESTIONS

- Phrased in "first-person voice"
- Follow a sequence so that the student evaluates their progress and decides if they need to adjust their goal and/or plan or move on to the next goal by the end of Phase 3

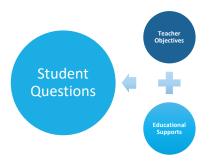
Phase 3 Student Questions

9. What actions have I taken?

10. What barriers have been removed?

11. What has changed about what I don't know?

12. Do I know what I want to know?



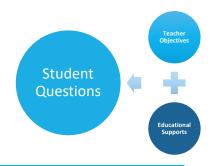
PHASE 3 TEACHER OBJECTIVES

- Like Phases 1 and 2, Teacher Objectives are linked to each Student Question
- Enable teachers to support students in evaluating what they have learned by the end of the Phase
- Teachers should meet each objective before the student starts the next Student Question

12a. Enable student to decide if progress is adequate, inadequate, or if goal has been achieved

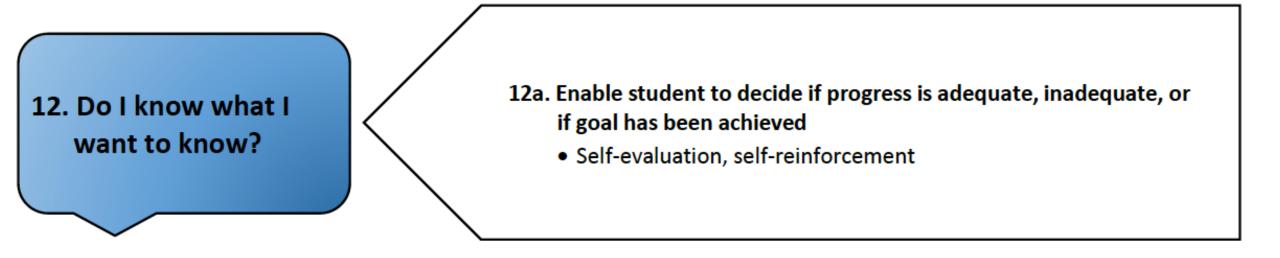
Student Question 12:

What has changed about what I don't know?

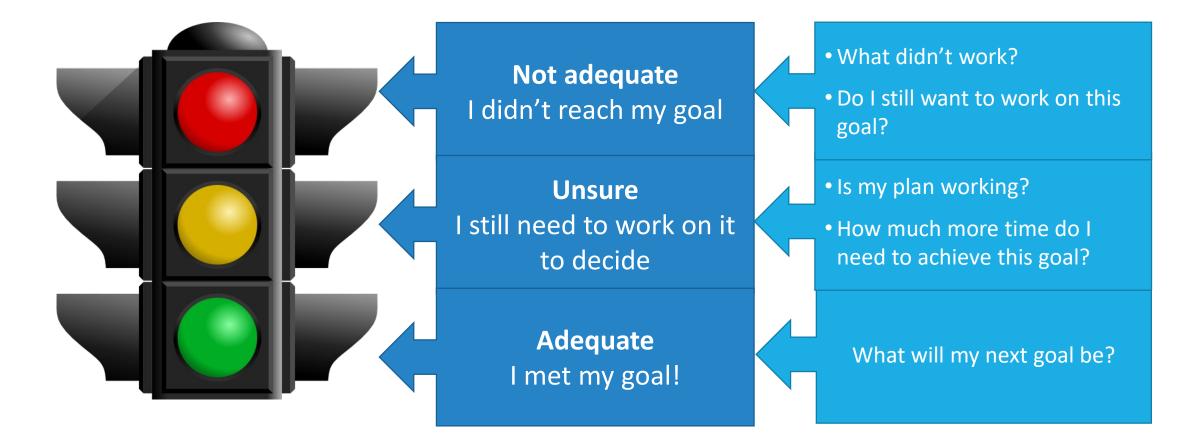


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EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT: SELF-EVALUATION INSTRUCTION



Setting the Stage

- Establish high expectations
- Give opportunities to fail in a
 - safe environment
- Create learning opportunities
- Build a partnership
- Develop and provide supports

