Student Name:	

# The Fundamentals in Sentence Writing Strategy Student Folder

# Goal(s):

1. I will improve my ability to write complete sentences.

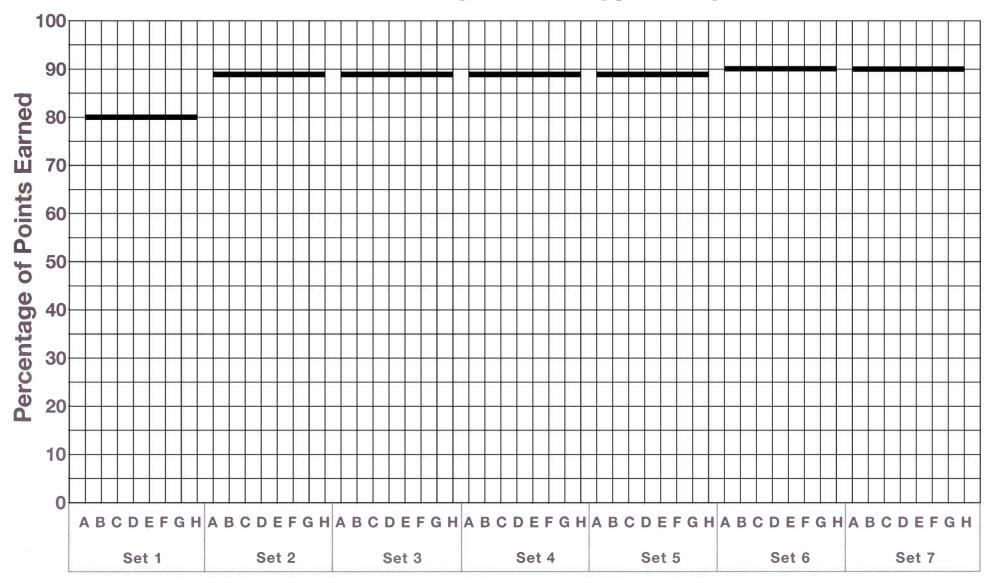
My teacher	'S	commitment:
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Teacher signature Date

My commitment:

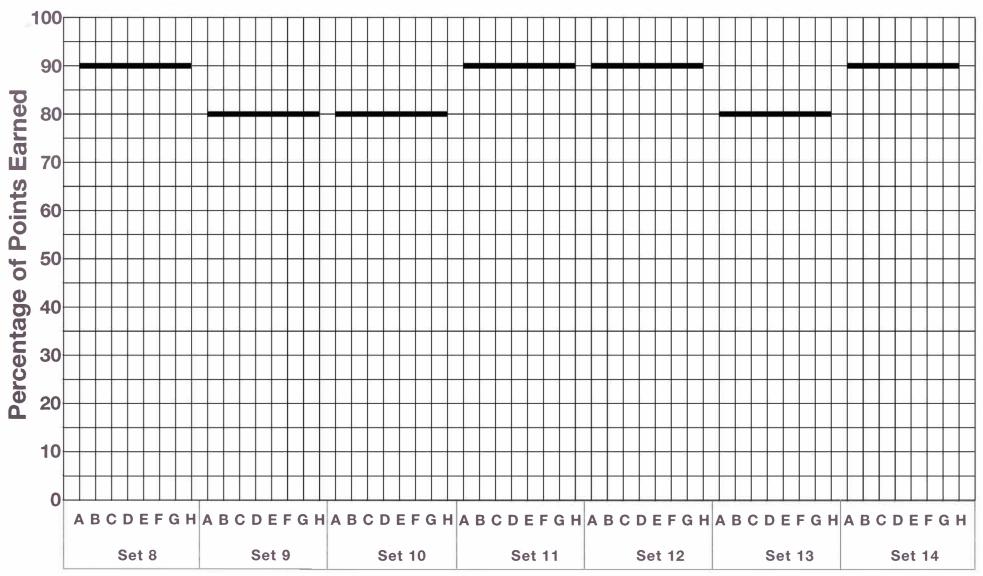
Student signature Date

# **The Sentence Writing Strategy Progress Chart**

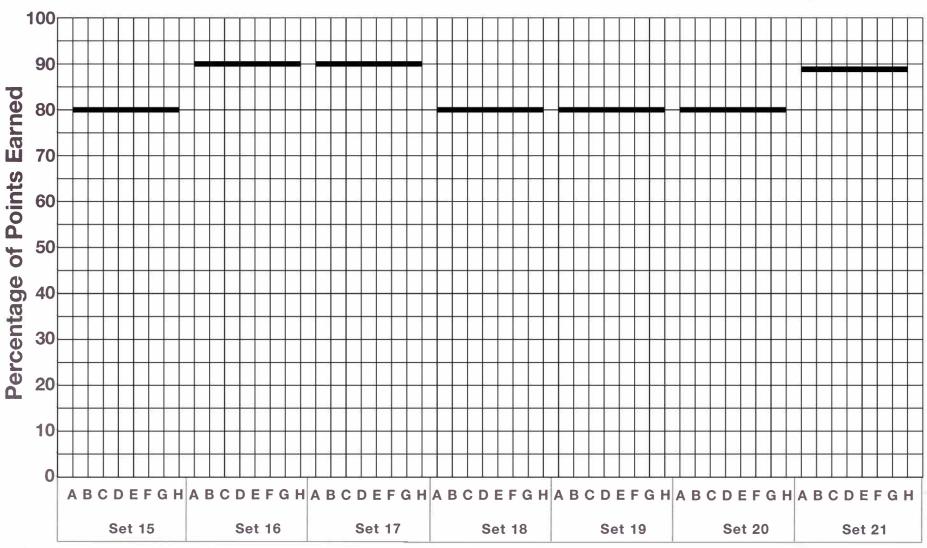


**Learning Sheets** 

# The Sentence Writing Strategy Progress Chart (cont.)

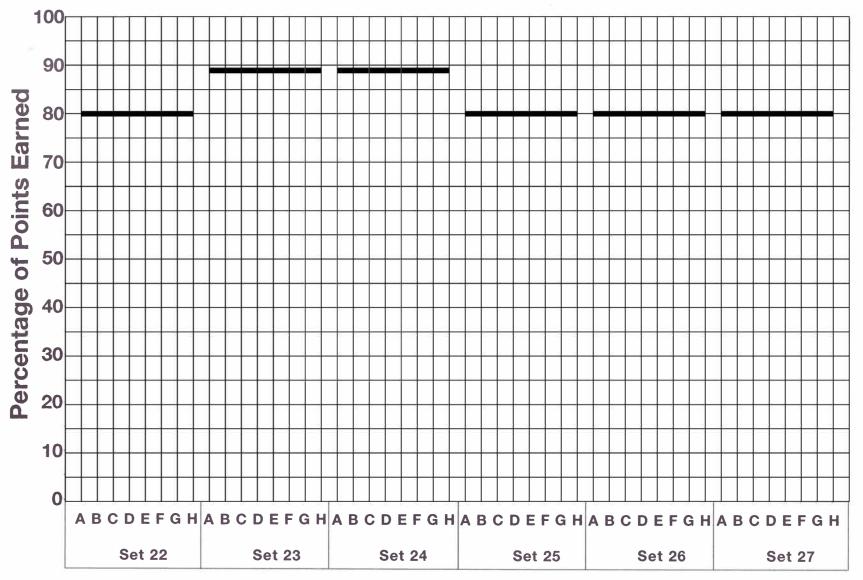


# The Sentence Writing Strategy Progress Chart (cont.)



**Learning Sheets** 

# The Sentence Writing Strategy Progress Chart (cont.)



Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 1

# **Complete Sentences**

1.Start with a capital letter



2.Have end punctuation (.?!)

3. Have a <u>subject</u> (S)

4.Have a verb (V)

5.<u>Make sense</u> ←

S ← V .?

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Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 2

# The Subject

The person, place, thing, quality, or idea that the sentence is about.

#### Examples:

<u>Jenna</u> went for a walk. (Person)

The <u>store</u> was closed. (Place)

<u>Balloons</u> rose into the sky. (Things)

<u>Silence</u> filled the streets. (Quality)

Peace was declared at midnight. (Idea)

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Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 3

## **Action Verb**

A word that shows the action of the subject of the sentence.

## **Examples:**

Body Actions Mind Actions

walk think run want

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# **NOUN BANK**

mother	children	insects	television
father	students	bear	bed
sister	teachers	fox	wallpaper
brother	principal	trout	1 1
grandparents	president	snail	balloons
	people	bug	movie
dinner	friends	grasshopper	party
lunch	women	snake	dancers
breakfast	men	ant	ballerina
salad	princess		
vegetables	prince	river	fans
chocolate	king	stream	team
spoon	queen	lake	players
knife	knight	wind	basketball
fork	dragon	ocean	football
silverware		clouds	soccer
table	cat	beach	mallet
dessert	mouse	raindrop	shoes
sandwich	dog	snowflake	jersey
pizza	bird	sleet	bleachers
strawberries	rabbit	tornado	stadium
ice cream	COW	sky	game
dishes	eagle	sun	clock
plates	robin	moon	
cups	ducks		
	eggs	farm	
motorcycle		field	
airplane	flowers	horses	
car; racecar	vase	tractor	
bike	trees	meadow	
trolly	stars	home	
scooter	rocks	windows	
sled	gravel	doors	
	dirt	radio	

# **VERB BANK**

analyzed	feels	need	traced
assembled	fell	nodded	trimmed
ate	filled	noducu	tripped
ale	finished	opened	
bit	flew	opened	try; tried trust
	fly	naintad	
bought broke	119	painted	typed; types
	galloped	played peeled	waited
buy buried	<u> </u>	-	walk; walked
Durieu	grazed	put	want
camo: como	grew	pranced	want
came; come careened	grumbled	raced	wasned
cheered	handed		
climbed		ran	watered
cleaned	hates held	rang	went whined
		read	
cooked	help; helped	rode	whistled
covered	hit; hits	rolled	wish
crammed	hoped	0.049.07	won
crashed	hung	sang	work
crawled	hurt	said; say; says	worship
cried	1-1-1 1	sat; sit	wrapped
cut	kicked	screamed	
1 1	knew	sleep	
danced	know	slept	
darted	1+1	spoke	
dived	like	stopped .	
drained	listen	swam; swim	
drank	lives	swooped	
drove; drives	lost		
	loves	talked	
eat		think	
enjoyed	made	thought	
	missed	ticked	
fed	moved	told	

# **LEARNING SHEET 1A**

**Checking for Capitals, End Punctuation, and Making Sense** 

Name <sub>.</sub>		 	
Date _			

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Check whether each sentence begins with a capital letter, has end punctuation, and makes sense.

	ntence by adding a cap the subject with one li	oital letter or end punctuatione.	on or by changing a word.
EXAMPL	ES:		
The boys p	olayed.	The dog ran <sub>⊙</sub>	Sally sang a <del>tree</del> .
K			
1.	The moon swam.		
2.	sally likes school.		
3.	My mother drove		
4.	i wish!		
5.	Peter eats fish		
LEARN	IING SHEET	1B	Name
Checking fand Making	for Capitals, End Pเ ด Sense	unctuation,	Date
INSTRUCTIO			
1. Check whe	ether each sentence be	•	as end punctuation, and makes sense.
2. Fix the ser	itence by adding a cap	ital letter or end punctuatio	on or by changing a word.
<b>EXAMPL</b> I <b>←</b>			door
the girl sle	ept.	The frog jumpedo	James shut the <del>peach</del> .
K			
1.	The car walked.		
2.	I slept		
3.	paul thought.		
4.	mary ate ice crean	n.	
5.	The students work	red	

# The PENS Strategy

Pick a formula

Explore words to fit the formula

Note the words

Search and check

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# Search & Check Step

Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

## M

Ask "Is there a verb?"

Root out the subject

(Ask, "Who or What \_\_\_\_\_?")

**K**ey in on the

- beginning
- ending
- meaning

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## **LEARNING SHEET 2A Identifying Action Verbs and Subjects INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence. 2. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S." 3. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word. **EXAMPLES:** poem $\mathbf{I}$ walked to school. The girls sang a song Liz wrote a door. S the horse ran fast. 1. 2. Peter swims every day sarah danced all night. 3. 4. My cat cooked dinner. 5. I like pizza **\* LEARNING SHEET 2B** Name \_\_\_\_\_ **Identifying Action Verbs and Subjects** Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S."
- 3. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.

EXAMPLES: V S shone The stars mowed.			5 ✓ Tim loves Rebecca⊙	<b>5 V</b> Sally has pigtails.	
s v	K				
		1.	the stars twinkled.		
		2.	I thought a mile.		
		3.	Pat hates liver		
		4.	scott fed his snake.		
		5.	The snake bit Scott		

## **LEARNING SHEET 3A**

**Writing Simple Sentences with Action Verbs** 

mame <sub>-</sub>		 	
Data			

<b>INST</b>	DI	ICT		NC
полі	nı	<i>,</i>	IU	CVI

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write five sentences that:
  - · Have a subject

- · Have a capital letter at the beginning
- Have an action verb
- Have end punctuation
- · Make sense
- 2. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	S V I like chocolate.
<b>S V K</b> ☐ ☐ <u>1.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>5.</u>	
LEADMINA	Name

## **LEARNING SHEET 3B**

**Writing Simple Sentences with Action Verbs** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write five sentences that:
  - · Have a subject

- · Have a capital letter at the beginning
- Have an action verb
- Have end punctuation
- · Make sense
- 2. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S."

٠	ays basketball	•
	Cali pl	Cali plays basketball

Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 6

# **Linking Verbs**

Words that link the subject to another word that describes the subject.

Am Was Are Were Is Seem

Be

Been

Become

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Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 7

# Verb

A word that shows the action or state-of-being of the subject

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## **LEARNING SHEET 4A**

**Identifying Linking Verbs and Subjects** 

Name			
Date			

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Mark each linking verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S."
- 3. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.

EXAMPLES: 5 V S V Tim is cool (7)

S	V	K		
			1.	jackie is funny.
			2.	I am hopeful
			3.	the stars are bright.
			4.	Bill is a door.
			5.	The circus was exciting

## **LEARNING SHEET 4B**

**Identifying Linking Verbs and Subjects** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Mark each linking verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S."
- 3. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.

EXAMPLES:

The sun is hot.

S

Kathy seems happyo

**%** '

S V K

1. The book was thrilling

2. the water is cold.

3. betty seemed sad.

4. The boys were silly

5. Tomorrow is purple.

# **LEARNING SHEET 5A Writing Simple Sentences with Linking Verbs INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write five sentences that: · Have a capital letter at the beginning · Have a subject Have a linking verb · Have end punctuation · Make sense 2. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S." **EXAMPLE:** I am cold. S K - >< -Name \_\_\_\_\_ **LEARNING SHEET 5B Writing Simple Sentences with Linking Verbs** Date **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write five sentences that: · Have a subject · Have a capital letter at the beginning Have a linking verb Have end punctuation · Make sense 2. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S." **EXAMPLE:** Sam is smart. K

# Search & Check Step

## Mark out imposters

- infinitives
- prepositional phrases

Ask "Is there a verb?"

Root out the subject
(Ask, "Who or What ?")

**K**ey in on the

- beginning
- ending
- meaning

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## **Infinitives**

Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Usually made up of 2 words: the word "to" in front of an action verb

## **Examples**:

Madonna likes to sing.

Sarah wants to ride the bus.

Tikki yearns to play football

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INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive, and write an "I" above it.  3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S."  4. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.				
EXAMPLE:	S V I Wallis likes <del>to read</del> mystery novel	s <b>O</b>		
S V I K		Name		
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive, and write an "I" above it.  3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S."  4. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.				
EXAMPLE:	- 5 V I he lady wants t <del>o go</del> home.			
S V I K	<ol> <li>julie loves to dance.</li> <li>Paul likes to sail</li> <li>the fans were ready to clap.</li> <li>Justin wanted to paint her h</li> <li>Peggy gave me a sandwich t</li> </ol>			

Date \_\_\_\_\_

**LEARNING SHEET 6A** 

Identifying Infinitives, Verbs, & Subjects

## **LEARNING SHEET 7A**

**Writing Simple Sentences with Infinitives** 

Date	 	 

INS1	ΓRΙ	ICT	IO	NS

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that:
  - Have a subject

· Have a capital letter at the beginning

Name

- Have a verb (action or linking)
- Have end punctuation
- Have an infinitive
- Make sense
- 2. Cross out each infinitive, and write an "I" above it.
- 3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	5	V	I				
	Paul	wants	to attend	the	circus.		

5	V	- 1	
			l.
ш	ш		

## **LEARNING SHEET 7B**

**Writing Simple Sentences with Infinitives** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that:
  - Have a subject

- · Have a capital letter at the beginning
- Have a verb (action or linking)
- Have end punctuation
- · Have an infinitive
- Make sense
- 2. Cross out each infinitive, and write an "I" above it.
- 3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	•	V	I		
	Manny	learned	to write	poems.	

S	V	ı	
		<u>1.</u>	
		<u></u>	
$\Box$	$\Box$		
=	$\equiv$	<u> </u>	

Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card #extra

# **Prepositional Phrase**

A group of words that show **place or time** (where or when the action takes place)

Each prepositional phrase contains a preposition and at least one word, either:

- Person
- Place
- Thing

A Bee flies above the jar.

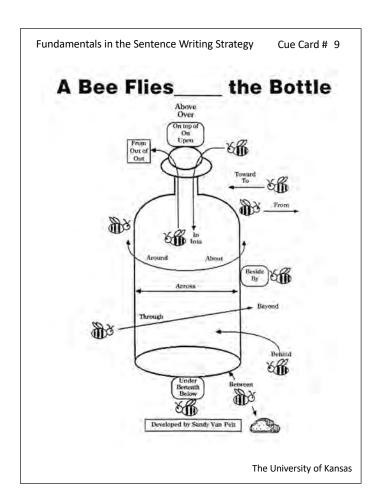
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Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 10

# Prepositions

about above across after against along amid among around at before behind below beneath beside between beyond by	down during except for from in inside into like near of off on over out outside of	past since through throughout to toward under underneath until up upon with within without
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## Name \_\_\_\_\_ **LEARNING SHEET 8A** Identifying Prepositional Phrases, Verbs, & Subjects Date \_\_\_ **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence. 2. Cross out each prepositional phrase, and write a "P" above it. 3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S." 4. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word. **EXAMPLE:** The kitten played with the ball. S V P K 1. tim ran through the goal posts. 2. The children sang in the choir 3. the man jumped for joy. 4. The mouse climbed up the clock 5. dad slept until 6:00. **%** ' Name \_\_\_\_\_ **LEARNING SHEET 8B Identifying Prepositional Phrases, Verbs, & Subjects** Date **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence. 2. Cross out each prepositional phrase, and write a "P" above it. 3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with an "S." 4. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word. **EXAMPLE:** on ran <del>into the store</del>.

S V P K

1. Blaze hid under the bush

2. The horse jumped over the house.

3. Sophie ran around the tree

4. jade reached for the box.

5. tasha is excited during visits.

### **LEARNING SHEET 9A** Name **Writing Simple Sentences with Prepositions** Date **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that: about · Have a subject · Have a capital letter at the beginning in Have a verb (action or linking) Have end punctuation with Include one of the prepositions · Make sense in the box to the right under 2. Cross out each prepositional phrase, and write a "P" above it. of 3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S." Jerry bought the gift for her mother. **EXAMPLE:** (for) S&C **\*** Name \_\_\_\_\_ **LEARNING SHEET 9B Writing Simple Sentences with Prepositions INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that: at · Have a subject Have a capital letter at the beginning before Have a verb (action or linking) · Have end punctuation during Include one of the prepositions · Make sense in the box to the right from 2. Cross out each prepositional phrase, and write a "P" above it. into 3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each subject with an "S." **EXAMPLE:** Scott put the meat in the oven. (in) S&C

## **LEARNING SHEET 10A**

**Discriminating Infinitives from Prepositional Phrases** 

Date_			

Name \_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Write a "P" over each prepositional phrase.
- 2. Write an "I" over each infinitive.

EXAMPLES:	P to the store	I to go	
	to the store	to go	

P/I
 1. to play
 2. to run
 3. to bed
 4. to the show
 5. to a movie

### **LEARNING SHEET 10B**

**Discriminating Infinitives from Prepositional Phrases** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Write a "P" over each prepositional phrase.
- 2. Write an "I" over each infinitive.

EXAMPLES:	I	P	
	to get	to school	

**%** -

 P/I

 1. to start

 2. to think

 3. to the barn

 4. to a park

 5. to swim

Identifying Preposition and Subjects	onal Phrases, Infinitives, Verbs, Date
<ul><li>2. Cross out each prepos</li><li>3. Mark each verb with a</li></ul>	k Step on each sentence. sitional phrase AND each infinitive, and mark each (with a "P" or an "I"). "V." Mark each subject with an "S." adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.
EXAMPLE:	The child likes <del>to hide behind the door</del> .
S V P/I K	<ol> <li>Joan wants to go with me</li> <li>mike plays to win during a game.</li> <li>They worked hard to earn an "F" in this class.</li> <li>i need to get a haircut at 3:00.</li> <li>My parents plan to take a cruise to Mexico</li> </ol>
LEARNING S Identifying Preposition and Subjects	HEET 11B  Name  Name  Date
<ul><li>2. Cross out each prepos</li><li>3. Mark each verb with a</li></ul>	k Step on each sentence. sitional phrase AND each infinitive, and mark each (with a "P" or an "I"). "V." Mark each subject with an "S." adding a capital letter or end punctuation or by changing a word.
EXAMPLE:	SVTP
	My dog likes <del>to dig</del> i <del>n the yard</del> .
S V P/I K	1. The students wanted to use the computer for their homework 2. Sally likes to play in the rain 3. the elephant reached over the fence to get the peanut. 4. Our team needs to run with the pizza. 5. her dog likes to lie in the flowers.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**LEARNING SHEET 11A** 

LEARNING S		Name
larking SSV Sentences		Date
2. Cross out each prepos 3. Mark each verb with a	"V." Mark each subject with	and mark each (with a "P" or "I"). an "S." I punctuation or by changing a word.
EXAMPLE:	p \$ 5 V Pam and Dan moved to	P <del>o Texa</del> s.
S V P/I K		
	1. Sophie and Blaze ra	n through the woods
	2. the bear and cub hid	d in the tree.
	3. The table and lamp	are beside the sofa
	4. samuel and Manny h	nope to visit Tim soon.
	5. The daffodils and tu	llips bent under the snow's weight
— — — Learning s	— — — » HEET 12B	Name
Marking SSV Senten		Date
2. Cross out each prepos 3. Mark each verb with a	"V." Mark each subject with	and mark each (with a "P" or "I"). an "S." I punctuation or by changing a word.
EXAMPLE:	S S V Wayne and Tolly love t	Ţ Sod <del>oys o</del>
S V P/I K		
	1. the bikes and tools a	are in the garage.

3. the children and parents attended the concert at the theatre.

2. He and she worked for a long time

4. Jan and Stan sang on Jan's birthday

5. Boys and girls ride zebras to school.

LEARNING SHEET 13A	Name
Writing SSV Sentences	Date
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentence.  • Have two subjects  • Have a capital legal of the end puncte.  • Make sense  2. Mark each infinitive with an "I," prepositional phrase wan "S."	etter at the beginning cuation
EXAMPLE: S S V David and Michael need	to leave.
M S&C  1.  2.  4.  5.	
LEARNING SHEET 13B	Name
Writing SSV Sentences	
withing 33 v 3chtchccs	Date
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentence	etter at the beginning cuation
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentence  • Have two subjects  • Have a capital le  • Have one verb (action or linking)  • Make sense  2. Mark each infinitive with an "I," prepositional phrase w	es that: etter at the beginning ruation ith a "P," verb with a "V," and subject with

LEARNING SHEE	T 14A Name
Marking SVV Sentences	Date
3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark	epositional phrase, and write "I" or "P," as needed.
EXAMPLE: 5 V  Jan thought for	P V <del>a minute</del> and then spoke.
2. par 3. the 4. She 5. Th	e monkey swung in the tree and ate a banana ul came to my house and stayed overnight. e children ran and played in the yard. e enjoys music and wants to play the tuba e man put on his computer and waved.  Name
LEARNING SHEE' Marking SVV Sentences	Date
3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark	epositional phrase, and write "I" or "P," as needed.
EXAMPLE: 5 V T He wanted to g	v e and went
	e bottle fell and broke into a million pieces.  e men awoke and drove 60 miles to attend the meeting e stars twinkled brightly and made patterns in the sky
	htening struck and burned our house beyond repair
5. the	train whistled loudly and roared through the crossing.

Name
Date
that: etter at the beginning uation
a "P," verb with a "V," and subject with
P 1 beneath the tree.
Name
Date
that: etter at the beginning uation
a "P," verb with a "V," and subject with
V
oof and broke the windows.

### **LEARNING SHEET 16A**

Writing SV, SSV, and SVV Sentences

Name _	 	 	
Date			

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the formula in parentheses. In addition, make sure each sentence:
  - · Has a capital letter at the beginning
  - Has end punctuation
  - Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

EXAMPI	LE:  (SSV) The sugar and flour are in the cupboard.
M S&C	(SV) <u>1.</u>
	(SVV) 2.
	(SSV) 3.
	(SV) <u>4</u> .
	(SVV) <u>5.</u>

## **LEARNING SHEET 16B**

Writing SV, SSV, and SVV Sentences

Name $_{-}$	 	 	
Date			

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the formula in parentheses. In addition, make sure each sentence:
  - · Has a capital letter at the beginning
  - Has end punctuation
  - Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

EXAMP	LE:	(SVV)	V ran and	V played	P i <del>n the field</del>	
M S&C	(SV)	1.				
	(SVV)	2.				
	(SSV)	3.				
	(SV)	4.				
	(SVV)	<u>5.</u>				

LEARNING SHEET 17A	Name
Marking SSVV Sentences	Date
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase,  3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with  4. Fix each sentence by adding a capital letter or end	an "S."
EXAMPLE: $\zeta$ $\zeta$ $\zeta$ $\zeta$ Sther and Suzanne walked area	₹ √ und the track and talked.
3. Scott and Barb than 4. The fish and dolphin	ds and go places on Saturdays  ked us and rose to leave  n swam and played beside the house.  pped and hopped across the field  Name
Marking SSVV Sentences	Date
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase,  3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each subject with	
EXAMPLE: S S V  Tammy and Bill took a plane and	√ d visited their son⊙
2. Carol and Don have	took their son to Chicago and shopped.  three boys and travel with them a lot were friends and talked throughout the day

5. she and I ate dinner and went to a movie.

4. Ron and Marie like to play pencils and are good players.

## **LEARNING SHEET 18A**

**Writing SSVV sentences** 

Name _	 		
Date			

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the SSVV formula. Be sure each sentence:
  - · Has two subjects

- · Has a capital letter at the beginning
- · Has two verbs (action or linking)
- Has end punctuation
- Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

EXAMPLE:	s Tom ar	s V nd Bill mou	lawns and	V pull weeds.	
M S&C					
3.					
<u>5.</u>					

## **LEARNING SHEET 18B**

**Writing SSVV sentences** 

Name	 
Date _	

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the SSVV formula. Be sure each sentence:
  - · Has two subjects

- · Has a capital letter at the beginning
- · Has two verbs (action or linking)
- Has end punctuation
- Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

EXAMPLE:	s horses	and	s ponies	V ran and	. then	V drank	From	P the pond.	
M S&C									
4.									

## **LEARNING SHEET 19A**

Writing SV, SSV, SVV, and SSVV Sentences

Name _			
Date			

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the formula in parentheses. In addition, make sure each sentence:
  - · Has a capital letter at the beginning
  - Has end punctuation
  - Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

## **LEARNING SHEET 19B**

Writing SV, SSV, SVV, and SSVV Sentences

Name _			_
Date			

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that match the formula in parentheses. In addition, make sure each sentence:
  - · Has a capital letter at the beginning
  - Has end punctuation
  - Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed.

EX	EXAMPLE: 5 V V (SVV) The dog woke and stretched.						
M	S&C	(SSVV)	1.				
		(SVV)	2.				
		(SSV)	3.				
		(SSVV)	4.				
		(SV)	5.				

## Adjective

A word that describes a noun.

# Main Subject

The one word that best tells what the sentence is about.

## **LEARNING SHEET 20A**

**Identifying Main Subjects** 

Name			
_			

IN	IS	ΤI	R۱	U	C.	TI	О	N	IS	:

1. Place an "S" above the main subject of each of the following phrases.

EXAN	ЛРLЕ	E: 5 The quick brown fox
S		
	1.	A big blue balloon
	2.	The black and white plate
	3.	The little girl
	4.	My great uncle
	5.	A tiny brown puppy

## **LEARNING SHEET 20B**

**Identifying Main Subjects** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Place an "S" above the main subject of each of the following phrases.

EXAMPLE:	5	
	The old red truck	

\$ 1. Our favorite song
2. My favorite sport
3. The small white phone
4. A wooden chair
5. His muddy shoes

### **LEARNING SHEET 21A**

**Identifying Verbs and Main Subjects** 

Name _			
Dato			

#### **NSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed.
- 3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each main subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	S V P The big truck backed <del>into a tree</del> .	
S V P/I	<ol> <li>The hairy monster ate strawberries for</li> <li>A tiny ant crawled up my leg.</li> <li>The young girl wanted to buy a doll.</li> <li>The large yellow submarine floated on</li> <li>The green apples were rotten to the con</li> </ol>	the sea.
	SHEET 21B s and Main Subjects	Name

- 1. Do the Search & Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed.
- 3. Mark each verb with a "V." Mark each main subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	S V I The big black dog ran <del>to eatch</del> the car.
S V P/I	<ol> <li>Sally's little brother sat on a hat.</li> <li>Seven purple balloons soared into the clouds.</li> <li>Cathy's favorite dress was clean for the dance.</li> <li>The second batter wanted to hit a home run.</li> </ol>
	5. The grey motor boat bounced over the waves.

## **LEARNING SHEET 22A Writing Sentences With Adjectives INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence: · Has at least one adjective Has end punctuation · Has a capital letter at the beginning · Makes sense 2. Mark each sentence as needed. The old brown dog slept under the bed. **EXAMPLE:** A S&C — » — Name \_\_\_\_\_ **LEARNING SHEET 22B Writing Sentences With Adjectives** Date **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence: · Has at least one adjective · Has end punctuation · Has a capital letter at the beginning · Makes sense 2. Mark each sentence as needed. My cute little sister sings and plays the piano. **EXAMPLE:** S&C

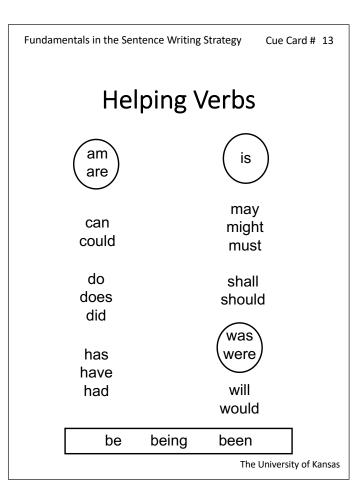
Fundamentals in the Sentence Writing Strategy

Cue Card # 12

## Helping Verbs

Words that help the main verb show the action in a sentence.

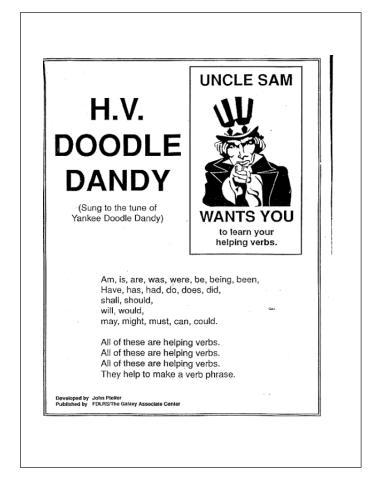
The University of Kansas



# Recall Device for Helping Verbs

**CHAD B. SWIM** 2323 3 2413

Chad B. Swim is 23 years old



## The Helping Verb Rap

This is a rap of the helping verbs. It's a game we play to learn our words. To look at us you'd never guess That we're so able to impress.

Am, is, are, can, & could, Do, does did, shall, should Have, has had, was, were, will, would May, might, must. Gee we're good!

Three more words make the list complete, Be, been, being. Now you repeat.

Here's a little story I've got to tell,
About 23 words I know so well.
It started way back in strategies
With Ms. \_\_\_\_\_\_, and me,

Am, is, are, can, & could, Do, does did, shall, should Have, has had, was, were, will, would May, might, must. Gee we're good!

Three more words make the list complete, Be, been, being. This game is neat. Whatever you do, don't call us nerds 'Cuz we just learned our helping verbs

> Developed by Judy Nova & Ronda Payne FDLRS Galaxy

## **LEARNING SHEET 23A**

**Identifying Verb Phrases and Main Subjects** 

Name			
_			

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search and Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed
- 3. Mark all verbs with a "V."
- 4. Mark the main subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	The red strawberries were sto	red <del>under the wagon</del> .
S V P/I	<ol> <li>The green van might have stopped.</li> <li>Paul's red kayak was filled to the sum of the stopped in the stopp</li></ol>	he top. g the field with their smell. m five laps.
	G SHEET 23B Phrases and Main Subjects	Name

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Do the Search and Check Step on each sentence.
- 2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed
- 3. Mark all verbs with a "V."
- 4. Mark the main subject with an "S."

EXAMPLE:	Our big gray van is running well.				
S V P/I	<ol> <li>My mother had wanted to go shopping.</li> <li>The young students were working at their desks.</li> <li>The ceiling fans had run throughout the hot day.</li> <li>My metal ruler was put in the kitchen drawer.</li> <li>The wild horses must gallop around the arena.</li> </ol>				

## **LEARNING SHEET 24A** Writing Sentences with Helping Verbs and Adjectives **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence: · Has at least one adjective · Has a capital letter at the beginning · Has at least one helping verb · Has end punctuation · Makes sense 2. Mark each sentence as needed. My great grandmother can play the piano. **EXAMPLE:** HV S&C **LEARNING SHEET 24B** Name **Writing Sentences with Helping Verbs and Adjectives** Date **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence: · Has at least one adjective · Has a capital letter at the beginning · Has at least one helping verb Has end punctuation · Makes sense 2. Mark each sentence as needed. My great uncle can play the flute and sing. **EXAMPLE:** HV S&C

## **LEARNING SHEET 25A**

**Free Writing Practice** 

Name \_\_\_\_\_\_
Date \_\_\_\_

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences that describe the picture you have been given. Make sure each sentence:
  - Matches the formula in parentheses
- Has end punctuation
- · Has a capital letter at the beginning
- Makes sense

EXAMPLE:	SV) The little dog is jumping in the air.
M S&C	1.
SVV)	2.
SSV)	3.
SSVV)	4.
(your choice)	5.

# Adverbs

Words that add information about the action of the subject of the sentence.

## They show

- When
- Where
- How
- To what extent (how often, how much) the action takes place.

Identifying Adverbs	Date				
INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search and Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed.  3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each main subject with an "S."  4. Circle each adverb.					
EXAMPLE: S V  Jan quickly made lunch or	P 1 the counter.				
A S&C  1. The boy and the girl skipped happed in the stars shined brightly against the stars shined brightly against the stars shined brightly against the stars and Jake play daily in the field in the stars and Scott skillfully rode their stars. The eagle soars gracefully over the stars and stars are stars as a star and star are stars as a star and star are stars as a star are stars.	the night sky. eld. r skateboards down the ramp. e river.				
Identifying Adverbs  INSTRUCTIONS:  1. Do the Search and Check Step on each sentence.  2. Cross out each infinitive OR prepositional phrase, and write "I" or "P" as needed.  3. Mark each verb with a "V" and each main subject with an "S."  4. Circle each adverb.					
EXAMPLE: S S V  Jesse and Megan wenting	P htly t <del>o the movies.</del>				
A S&C  1. The Legends played intensely during the self of the self	after each kick-off.  strong. the game.				

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**LEARNING SHEET 26A** 

## **LEARNING SHEET 27A**

**Writing Sentences with Adverbs** 

Name _			

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence:
  - · Has at least one adverb
- Has end punctuation
   Mokey
- Has a capital letter at the beginning
- Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed. Be sure to circle the adverb as shown.

EXAMPLE: The tiny girl wanted de	I esperately) to buy a kite.
A S&C	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	
<u>5.</u>	
LEARNING SHEET 27B	Name
Writing Sentences with Adverbs	Date

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Use the PENS Strategy to write and check five sentences. Make sure each sentence:
  - · Has at least one adverb

- Has end punctuation
- · Has a capital letter at the beginning
- Makes sense
- 2. Mark each sentence as needed. Be sure to circle the adverb as shown.

EXAMPLE:	The motor boat bounced crazily over the waves.
A S&C	
<u> </u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	
<u>5.</u>	