How did Content Enhancement Routines affect my student data?

Home Fun Instructions:

Please take some time before joining us in Course First 2 to reflect on your experience with Content Enhancement (CE) from the last year. Data can be as simple as test scores from your class, district benchmark assessments, student surveys, and/or in class student work. What you choose is totally up to you.

Examine areas such as: units, topics, standards, concepts, and/or skills that students showed mastery with the use of CE and areas without CE. In the areas that you used CE, what was the device or devices that you used? Record your "data", devices, and reflections on the Data Reflection Frame. This device is in the next page of this packet.

We will be using this Frame to co-construct one together during our time together in Course First 2. This will help you establish goals through the week. Please see the example below.

Teacher EXAMPLE

The FRAME Routine

Key Topic Data Reflection

How did Content Enhancement Routines affect my student data?

Used Content Enhancement

Students showed mastery

Vocab LinCing Routine—used t/o the year. Helped students master middle ages unit (Unit Test 80% class average, a 15% increase from previous year). Use words from the Vocab Lincing device to answer a short answer prompt. The students demonstrated mastery, in fact the students had better results with Vocab Lincing than with using a PowerPoint presentation for notes

Students did not show mastery

 Concept anchoring – confusing analogy. In reflecting I realized that the analogy chosen was too confusing for students.

Did not use Content Enhancement

Students showed mastery

 Rotation Stations used in World History. Stations were used to learn from primary documents. Students were able to evaluate, compare, and discuss through the used of stations. In a student survey, a high number of students reported that the use of stations helped them learn the content and skills for the unit of study.

Students did not show mastery

 My students struggled with the skill of reading longer passages (FSA/EOC practice). Maybe implementing the Question Exploration Routine would help my students next school year.

So What? (What's important to understand about this?)

The metacognition (reflecting on the things that work and don't work) in order to make better instructional enhancement decisions.

Did not use Content Enhancement How did Content Enhancement Routines affect my student data? Students did not show mastery Students showed mastery So What? (What's important to understand about this?) Data Reflection **Key Topic** Jsed Content Enhancement Students did not show mastery The FRAME Routine Students showed mastery

Did not use Content Enhancement How did Content Enhancement Routine's affect my student data? Students did not show mastery Students showed mastery So What? (What's important to understand about this?) Data Reflection **Key Topic** Jsed Content Enhancement Students did not show mastery The FRAME Routine Students showed mastery

Course First 2
Day 1 Discussion Questions

Today's Links:

Data Escape Room

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1qKzqnfX2CVaMtZ89cm-Jmd5fkYO5QqWKy6UEsU_gYvk/present?slid} \\ \underline{e=id.q5ede8dfe6c \ 0 \ 0}$

Brooko	ut Room Discussion Questions	Notes
	Introduce yourself and take a moment to	Hotes
1.	discuss the content enhancement	
	routines you used last year and how you	
	used them with students?	
	used them with students:	
2.	Discuss the community principals and	
	what they mean to you. Are there	
	anymore that we need to add?	
(Cł	noice, Voice, Praxis, Equality, Reflection, Dialogue, Courage)	
3.	What would you change about how you	
	implemented CER's?	
4.	What are your goals for this week?	
5.	In your new group introduce yourself,	
	share what course you expect to teach	
	this year and where you are in the	
	SMARTER planning process. Are you all in	
	the same place? Why or why not?	
6.	What is the difference between devices	
	that worked and those that did not?	
7.	What "instructional enhancement	
	decisions" can you make from this	
	reflection Frame	
8.	In your groups use the unit organizer	
	checklist to reflect on the example. Look	
	closely at the Unit self-test questions and	
	the Expanded Unit Map to see if the	
	Device meets the rigor of the standard.	
Standa	rds:	
	gate and apply how the cycling of water	
1	en the atmosphere and hydrosphere has an	
effect o	on weather patterns and climate.	
	e how global patterns such as the jet	
	and ocean currents influence local	
	er in measurable terms such as	
	rature, air pressure, wind direction and	
	and humidity and precipitation	
Differe	ntiate between weather and climate.	

9. Did the device meet the rigor of the standard? What can be done to make it better?

Home-Fun Video: Co-construction of Concept Mastery Routine https://youtu.be/SEjam2gaX8

If you were this teacher's instructional coach, what feedback would you give this teacher about co-construction?

Two praises for this teacher: One missed opportunity:

SMARTER Planning & Instructional Cycle

Shape the critical outcomes and questions

What are the "big idea" questions at the course and unit level that reflect what is critical in and about the standards to be learned?

Map the critical content

How is the content organized or sequenced? What are the connections and relationships between topics, ideas, and concepts?

	Hierarchical	Labeled to signal
☐ Visual ☐ Limited to 7	🔲 Simple	thinking required by
Linear	Connected	standards

Analyze for learning challenges

- Will all students have the background knowledge and skills necessary to learn the new content?
- Are certain concepts in the course particularly difficult for some or all students to understand?
- Are there common misconceptions students have?
- How will I measure (in a formative and summative manner) whether students are ready to move forward to master critical content and concepts?
- How will students receive feedback to monitor their progress?

Reach instructional enhancement decisions

- How will I/we teach to address any learning problems?
- How will I/we compensate for lack of students' background knowledge or skills?
- How will I/we know if these enhancements have been effective?

Teach strategically

	Explain, show, and model for students how information will be taught and learned using
	validated instructional sequences (e.g. Cue-Do-Review; Learn by Watching, by Sharing,
	and then by Practicing)
	Work with students in a collaborative partnership to co-construct learning
$\bar{\sqcap}$	Communicate the value of learning how to learn and practice skills with students

Evaluate learning

- Are critical learning outcomes being achieved by **all** students (during the lesson, throughout the unit, at the end of the unit, throughout the course)?
- Are students able to communicate how and what they have learned?
- What should I do differently?

Reflect on learning outcomes and critical questions

After summative assessment, use results to make the decision

Reteach for mastery or abandon the question *(was it really critical?)*

The 100 Day Plan

What is a 100-day plan?

A 100-day plan is a document that you can use to set goals, develop action steps and measure success. A basic 100-day plan typically consists of a timeline with specified goals that you complete incrementally.

Why should I create a 100-day plan?

A 100-day plan is beneficial as it can measure success, track accomplishments and provide a clear plan for meeting your goals. This plan is to be shared with your SPDG coach and will be used to guide future coaching conversations.

How can I create a plan?

I.	Define a	Goal(s)	to be	complet	ted with	nın I	00 days.	

2.	Co	nsider the following Goal Focused Probing Questions when drafting your goal(s):
		How does your goal align with your district or school's larger goals?
		How will you measure this goal?
		What structures will you put in place?
		What skills or knowledge do you need to develop to attain this goal?
		How does your goal have an impact on students and their learning?
		What will achieving this goal look like for you and your students/team?
		How does your goal ensure that every student gets what they need to thrive, every day? How does your goal
		promote equity in your classroom and/or at your site?

- 3. Develop your timeline. Your timeline should contain targets and action steps that help reach your goal(s).
- 4. In your timeline, include a way to measure goals and track success.

TIPS

- 1. Review, discuss, and revise your plan with your SPDG coach. Include your coach in your plan!
- 2. Join opportunities to network and share ideas. For example, attending state-wide virtual facilitated planning sessions or meeting with your ITTS and/or SITS. Include specific dates in which you will attend facilitated planning sessions in your plan.
- 3. Use your phone or your email calendar to alert you of goals and/or action steps in your plan. Be sure to calendar time to work on your 100-day plan.
- 4. Document your accomplishments.
- 5. Maintain a growth mindset: Prepare to update and refine your goals as needed. Think about trying different strategies to find out how to increase effectiveness and adjust your plan accordingly

Example

My goal for the 2021-2022 school year is to implement one new higher-order thinking routine with environmental science students during each unit of study in semester 1. As a result, students will learn the skills to answer more rigorous essay questions. I will measure growth by comparing midterm-exam essay scores from previous school years when higher-order thinking routines were not implemented. In addition, I will examine essay questions on unit tests to measure growth.

institute learn about the different HOT routines 1 Select one routine to implement based on course standards 1	Give students an essay question to complete before earning the routine at the beginning of the school year. Implement Unit 1 device with	• Meet with SPDG Coach to provide an update to goal and revise if necessary. • Implement unit 2 device with	 Implement unit 3 device with students. Reflect on students' essay responses on unit 3 test. Give student survey
 Receive PD on routine Draft first device to be implemented with students for unit 1. Receive feedback from Pder. Prepare an essay question to be used as a pre-test. Prepare a student survey to be given after students learn the routine. Meet with SPDG coach to review 	students. Give the same essay question after learning the routine. Give student survey Review survey results, students' pre/post essay writing and celebrate successes. Attend the Thursday, September 9 and Tuesday, October 5 facilitated planning sessions to draft the next two unit devices. Accompl	students. Reflect on students' essay responses on unit 2 test. Give student survey Review survey results, students' pre/post essay writing and celebrate successes. Attend the Thursday, November 4 and Monday, November 22 facilitated planning sessions to draft the next unit devices.	 Review survey results, students' pre/post essay writing and celebrate successes. Prepare essay questions for the midterm that will ask students to use skills learned in HOT routine. Analyze midterm exam data and compare to previous years. Meet with SPDG coach to go over data. Celebrate data successes.

Teacher/Instructor:	Rater Name:	
Name of Unit Organizer:	Date:	
Rating Guide: $2 = Present$ and correct; $1 = Present$, but needs improvement; $0 = Missing$ or incorrect; $N/A = Not$ Applicable		

Unit Organizer Checklist

Feature	Rating	Comments / Feedback
Current Unit	Circle one	
1. The Current Unit title captures the nature of this unit.	2 1 0	
Last Unit/Experience:	1	
2. The Last Unit/Experience title captures the nature of the previous unit or experience.	2 1 0	
Next Unit/Experience:		
3. The Next Unit/Experience title captures the nature of the next unit or experience.	2 1 0	
The Bigger Picture:		
4. The Bigger Picture statement names the idea or theme that holds several units together.	2 1 0	
Units included in the Bigger Picture are clearly indicated with arrows.	2 1 0	
Unit Paraphrase:		-
6. The Unit Paraphrase captures the main idea of the unit in a few words (describes what the whole unit is about).	2 1 0	
7. The Unit Paraphrase distinguishes this unit from other similar units (tells how this unit is different and unique from other units in the course).	2 1 0	
8. The Unit Paraphrase clearly and meaningfully communicates unit content (uses words that students will understand).	2 1 0	
9. The Unit Paraphrase provides an umbrella for all learning in the unit map.	2 1 0	
Unit Map:	·	
10. Unit Map has seven or fewer parts.	2 1 0	
11. The Unit Map gives a linear, left-to right representation of the order in which content will be presented or learned.	2 1 0	
12. Only topics are included. (Details are not included.)	2 1 0	
13. Topic names are simple words or phrases.	2 1 0	
14. Topics, or content parts can be expanded hierarchically.	2 1 0	
15. The Unit Map shows how information is connected.	2 1 0	
16. Each line label accurately expresses the relationship between ideas.	2 1 0	
17. The Unit Map is simple enough for students to use effectively.	2 1 0	

Organizer Score:	/64 =	percentage correct	# of 0



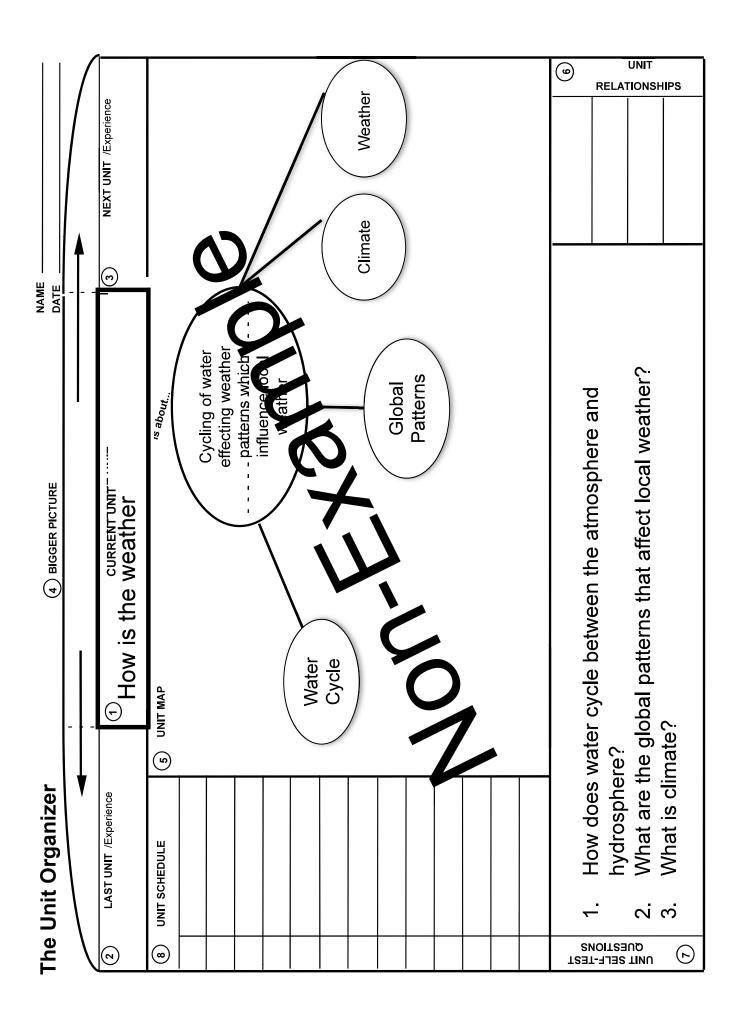
Teacher/Instructor:	Rater Name:
Name of Unit Organizer:	Date:

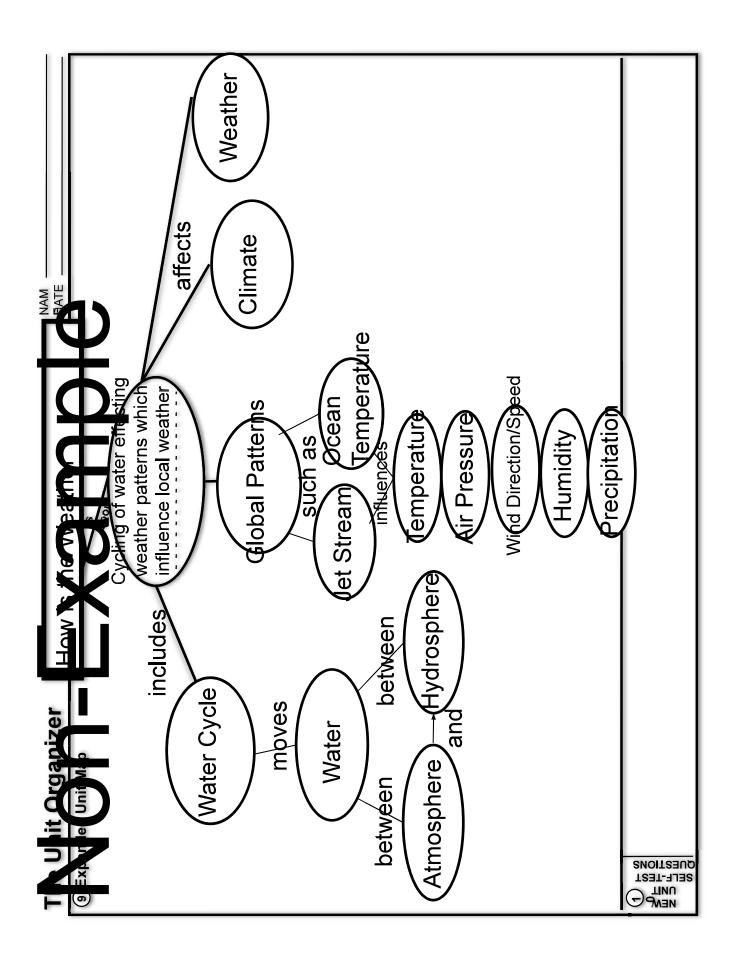
Rating Guide: 2 = Present and correct; 1 = Present, but needs improvement; 0 = Missing or incorrect; $N/A = Not \ Applicable$

Feature	Rating	Comments / Feedback
Unit Relationships	Circle one	•
18. Unit Relationships capture important relationships	2 1 0	
among ideas in the Unit Map.	2 1 0	
19. Unit Relationships match how students should think	2 1 0	
and talk about the information in the unit.	2 1 0	
20. Unit Relationships include relationships which	2 1 0	
students will have to demonstrate understanding of	2 1 0	
on tests.		
Unit Self-Test Questions	I.	
21. The Unit Questions identify ways in which students	2 1 0	
should think about the information to be learned.	2 1 0	
22. The Unit Questions lead students to do well on	2 1 0	
outcome measures (e.g. assignments, projects,	2 1 0	
quizzes and tests).		
23. The Unit Questions enable students to monitor	2 1 0	
progress in learning.	2 1 0	
24. The Unit Questions help students to identify the	2 1 0	
critical concepts or ideas to be learned in the unit.	2 1 0	
Unit Schedule	I	
25. The Unit Schedule includes tasks and activities that		
will promote learning of the content (e.g.	2 1 0	
assignments, projects, quizzes and tests).		
Expanded Unit Map	l.	
26. The Expanded Unit Map depicts a hierarchical	2 1 0	
arrangement of ideas.	2 1 0	
27. The Expanded Unit Map has a sufficient level of	2 1 0	
detail included (i.e. not all details are depicted).	2 1 0	
28. The Expanded Unit Map has subtopic names that are	2 1 0	
simple words or phrases (and are clear to students).	2 1 0	
29. The Expanded Unit Map shows how information is	2 1 0	
connected (uses lines or shapes).	2 1 0	
30. The Expanded Unit Map includes line labels that	2 1 0	
accurately express the relationship between ideas.	2 1 0	
31. The Expanded Unit Map is simple enough for	2 1 0	
students to use effectively.	2 1 0	
New Unit Self-Test Questions		
32a. The New Unit Self-Test Question box is left blank		
in the draft.	2 0	
OR		
32b. When the New Unit Self-Test Questions are		
generated with the students, additional questions		
capture important content not present in the original	2 1 0	
questions and reflect items 21, 22, 23, and 24 on this		
checklist.		

(Three positives and a suggestion!)







Course First 2 Day 2 Discussion Questions

Today's Links

"If I knew" Nearpod https://app.nearpod.com/?pin=PKF3D

HOTR Nearpod: https://app.nearpod.com/?pin=satli

Cue Nearpod: https://app.nearpod.com/?pin=RUZY9

Review Nearpod: https://app.nearpod.com/?pin=FXJ79

Breakout Room Discussion Questions	Notes	
If you were this teacher's instructional coach, what feedback would you give this teacher about co-construction?		
Two praises for this teacher: One missed opportunity:		
2. What are roadblocks to Co-construction?	Barriers	Solutions
3. Independent Work Time	Routines I am working on today:	

Home-Fun: Make sure you have a device uploaded for tomorrow's gallery walk

Teacher:	Rater Name:
Name of CER Device:	Date:

Rating Guide:2 = Present and correct; 1 = Present, but needs improvement; 0 = Missing or incorrect

Cue-Do-Review Checklist

	Initial Content Enhancement Implementation (Full Lesson)					
CUE			,			
Score	Teacher Behavior	Optional	Student Behavior	Evidence/Notes		
	1. Names the device		Students attend to the introduction of the device (look, listen, respond)			
	Explains how the device helps students learn content (provides rationale)		Students listen to the explanation, answer questions, and respond when asked			
	3. Tells students they will do and what's expected (take notes, ask and answer questions, and contribute)		Students acknowledge the expectation and get ready (e.g., nod, look at the device, have pen/pencil)			
DO						
	4. Utilizes the Linking Steps to lead the students in the creation of device		Students follow the teacher in completing the device— write in the correct spaces			
	5. Elicits responses from students		Students participate—offer ideas, respond to questions			
	6. Shapes student responses by asking questions and leading students to evaluate the accuracy of information		Students engage in dialogue (offer opinions, debate, challenge others' responses, revise, ask questions)			
	7. Writes information on the device clearly and legibly		Students take notes on their devices			
Revi						
	8. Asks how the device links to and guides learning		Students respond with ways that the device can help them			
	9. Leads review of content by asking students questions about the main critical content		Students understand/can state the main learning points			
	10. Reminds students to use the device during instruction and for assessment		Students state other uses for the device			
			%	# of 0s		

2.			

Teacher:	Rater Name:
Name of CER Device:	Date:

Rating Guide:2 = Present and correct; 1 = Present, but needs improvement; 0 = Missing or incorrect

			nancement Routine /Review or Student Direc	cted)		
CUE						
Score	Teacher Behavior	Optional	Student Behavior	Evidence/Notes		
	1. Asks students to find the device		Students locate the device and put it on their desks			
	2. Asks students questions to review the content of the device		Students answer questions, state the main learning points, and ask questions			
	3. Tells students the expectations (e.g., take notes, ask and answer questions, contribute)		Students acknowledge the expectations and get ready (e.g., nod, look at the device, have pen/pencil)			
DO						
	Facilitates: 4. Review 5. Adding to the device 6. Use of the device for class work		Students are engaged in: Large-/small-group review Cooperative learning groups Independent use of device			
	7. Elicits responses from students		Students participate—offer ideas, respond to questions			
	8. Shapes student responses by asking questions and leading students to evaluate the accuracy of information		Students engage in dialogue (offer opinions, debate, challenge others' responses, revise, ask questions)			
	9. Adds information to the device as needed		Students take notes			
Rev	iew					
	10. Asks how the device links to and guides learning		Students respond with ways that the device can help them			
	11. Leads review of content		Students understand/can state the main learning points			
	12. Reminds students to use the device		Students state other uses for the device			

/24 =	%	# of 0s

Step 9: Go beyond the basics **EUNLIKE CATEGORIES** Ä LIKE CATEGORIES Step 8: Nail down a summary CHARACTERISTICS À CONCEPT Step 7: Identify Unlike Categories Step 5: Assemble Step 6: Record Like Categories Unlike Characteristics **COMPARISON TABLE** ${\rm \AA}$ UNLIKE CHARACTERISTICS à LIKE CHARACTERISTICS Á OVERALL CONCEPT Ç SUMMARY Step 3: Make lists of Step 4: Pin down known characteristics Like Characteristics **Â** CHARACTERISTICS À CONCEPT Step 2: Obtain Overall Concept È EXTENSIONS Step 1: Communicate target Concepts

Step 9: Go beyond the basics **EUNLIKE CATEGORIES** Ä LIKE CATEGORIES Step 8: Nail down a summary CHARACTERISTICS À CONCEPT Step 7: Identify Unlike Categories Step 5: Assemble Step 6: Record Like Categories Unlike Characteristics **COMPARISON TABLE** ${\rm \AA}$ UNLIKE CHARACTERISTICS à LIKE CHARACTERISTICS Á OVERALL CONCEPT Ç SUMMARY Step 3: Make lists of Step 4: Pin down known characteristics Like Characteristics **Â** CHARACTERISTICS À CONCEPT Step 2: Obtain Overall Concept È EXTENSIONS Step 1: Communicate target Concepts

Teacher:	Rater Name:
Name of CER Device:	Date:

Rating Guide:2 = Present and correct; 1 = Present, but needs improvement; 0 = Missing or incorrect

Cue-Do-Review Checklist

	Initial Content Enhancement Implementation (Full Lesson)					
CUE			,			
Score	Teacher Behavior	Optional	Student Behavior	Evidence/Notes		
	1. Names the device		Students attend to the introduction of the device (look, listen, respond)			
	Explains how the device helps students learn content (provides rationale)		Students listen to the explanation, answer questions, and respond when asked			
	3. Tells students they will do and what's expected (take notes, ask and answer questions, and contribute)		Students acknowledge the expectation and get ready (e.g., nod, look at the device, have pen/pencil)			
DO						
	4. Utilizes the Linking Steps to lead the students in the creation of device		Students follow the teacher in completing the device— write in the correct spaces			
	5. Elicits responses from students		Students participate—offer ideas, respond to questions			
	6. Shapes student responses by asking questions and leading students to evaluate the accuracy of information		Students engage in dialogue (offer opinions, debate, challenge others' responses, revise, ask questions)			
	7. Writes information on the device clearly and legibly		Students take notes on their devices			
Revi						
	8. Asks how the device links to and guides learning		Students respond with ways that the device can help them			
	9. Leads review of content by asking students questions about the main critical content		Students understand/can state the main learning points			
	10. Reminds students to use the device during instruction and for assessment		Students state other uses for the device			
			%	# of 0s		

2.			

Teacher:	Rater Name:
Name of CER Device:	Date:

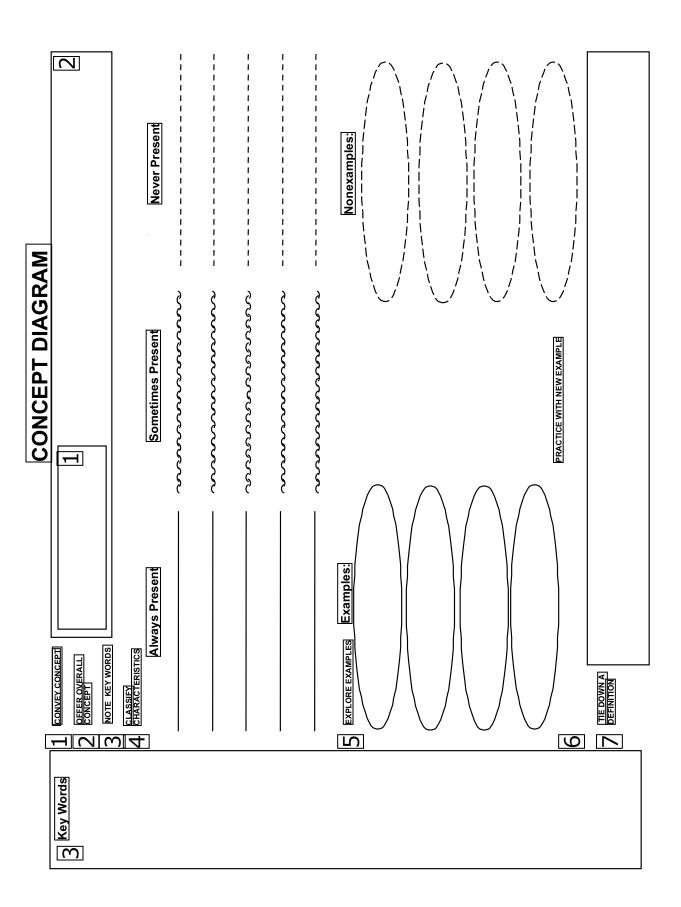
Rating Guide:2 = Present and correct; 1 = Present, but needs improvement; 0 = Missing or incorrect

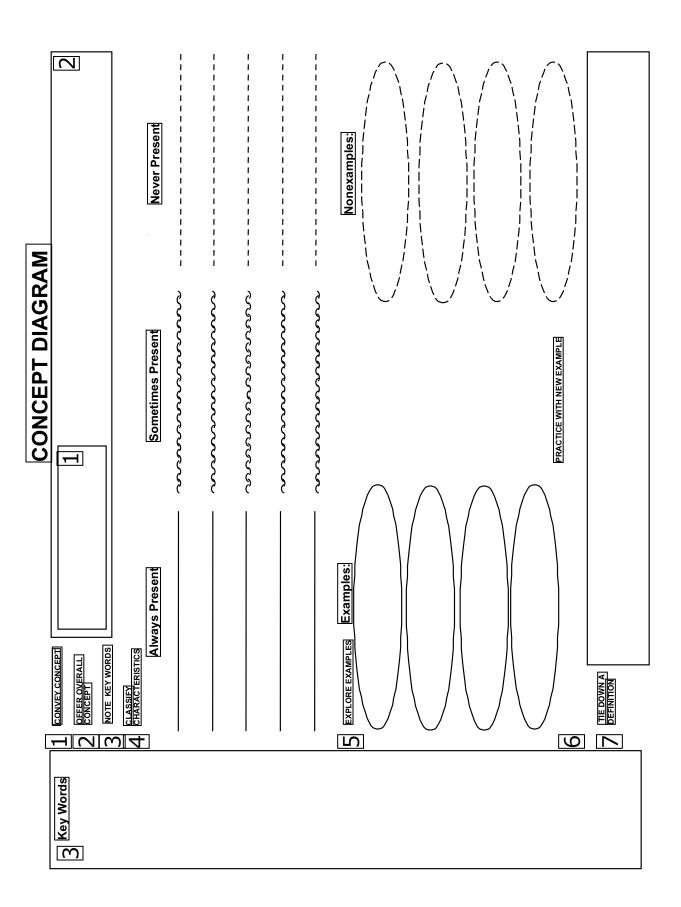
			nancement Routine /Review or Student Direc	cted)
CUE	•		,	
Score	Teacher Behavior	Optional	Student Behavior	Evidence/Notes
	1. Asks students to find the device		Students locate the device and put it on their desks	
	2. Asks students questions to review the content of the device		Students answer questions, state the main learning points, and ask questions	
	3. Tells students the expectations (e.g., take notes, ask and answer questions, contribute)		Students acknowledge the expectations and get ready (e.g., nod, look at the device, have pen/pencil)	
DO				
	Facilitates: 4. Review 5. Adding to the device 6. Use of the device for class work		Students are engaged in: Large-/small-group review Cooperative learning groups Independent use of device	
	7. Elicits responses from students		Students participate—offer ideas, respond to questions	
	8. Shapes student responses by asking questions and leading students to evaluate the accuracy of information		Students engage in dialogue (offer opinions, debate, challenge others' responses, revise, ask questions)	
	9. Adds information to the device as needed		Students take notes	
Rev	iew			
	10. Asks how the device links to and guides learning		Students respond with ways that the device can help them	
	11. Leads review of content		Students understand/can state the main learning points	
	12. Reminds students to use the device		Students state other uses for the device	

/24 =	%	# of 0s

		4 Knowledge connections			
① Term	(3) Core idea	(2) Clarifiers			
		(5) ☐ Use it to describe	⑤ ☐ Don't confuse it with⑥ ☐ Not an example of	(7) Example sentence	

		4 Knowledge connections			
① Term	(3) Core idea	(2) Clarifiers			
		(5) ☐ Use it to describe	⑤ ☐ Don't confuse it with⑥ ☐ Not an example of	(7) Example sentence	





Text Reference			Name:	
Course	Critical	Title		
Unit Lesson	Question #:			Date
				-
1 What is the C	ritical Question?			
What are the k	Key Terms and exp	lanations?		
(A) 11 (A)				
3 What are the S	Supporting Question	ns and answers?		
		1		
4 What is the M	-i I-I 0			
what is the ivi	ain idea answer?			
5 How can we us	se the Main Idea?			
Of fow carries a	se the Main Idea:			
6 Is there an Ove	erall Idea? Is there	a real-world use?		

Text Reference		Name:	
Course Unit Lesson	Critical Question #:	Title	Date
1 What is the C	Critical Question?		
What are the L	Key Terms and exp	olanations?	
3 What are the	Supporting Questio	ns and answers?	
4 What is the M	l <u>ain Idea</u> answer?		
5 How can we u	se the Main Idea?		
6 Is there an Ov	erall Idea? Is there	a real-world use?	

Text Reference			Name:	
Course	Critical	Title		Date:
Lesson	Question #:			Date.
1 What is the <u>Critical Question?</u>	luestion?			
2 What are the Key Ter	What are the <u>Key Terms</u> and explanations?			
3 What are the Suppor	What are the <u>Supporting Questions</u> and answers?	vers?		
4 What is the <u>main Idea</u> answer?	i answer?			
5 How can we use the main idea?	nain idea?		6 Is there an Overall Idea? Is there a real-world use?	a real-world use?

Bulgren KU-CRL 2/01

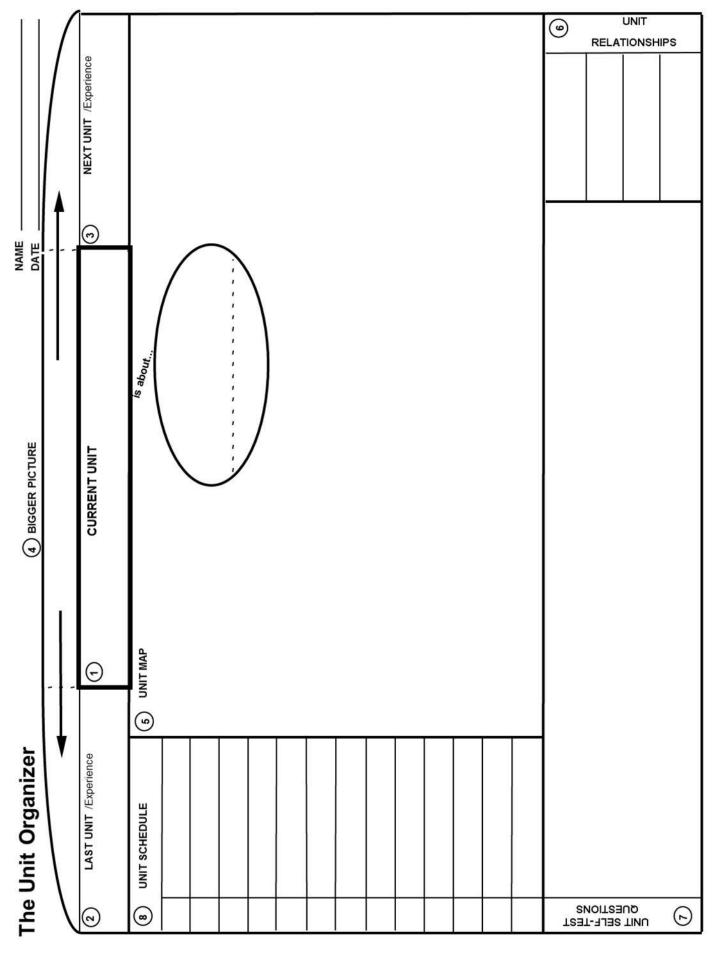
. Name:					(6) Is there an Overall Idea? Is there a real-world use?
Text Reference Course Critical Title Unit Question #: ————————————————————————————————————	What is the <u>Critical Question</u> ?	What are the Key Terms and explanations?	What are the <u>Supporting Questions</u> and answers?	(4) What is the <u>main Idea</u> answer?	5) How can we use the main idea?

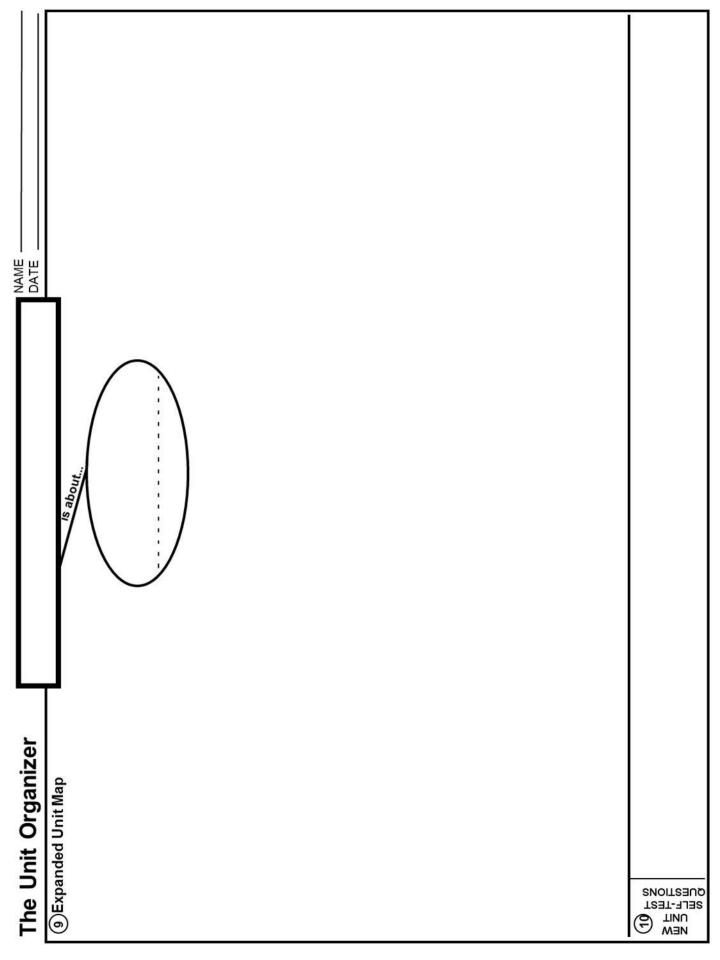
Bulgren KU-CRL 2/01

Question Exploration Device Checklist

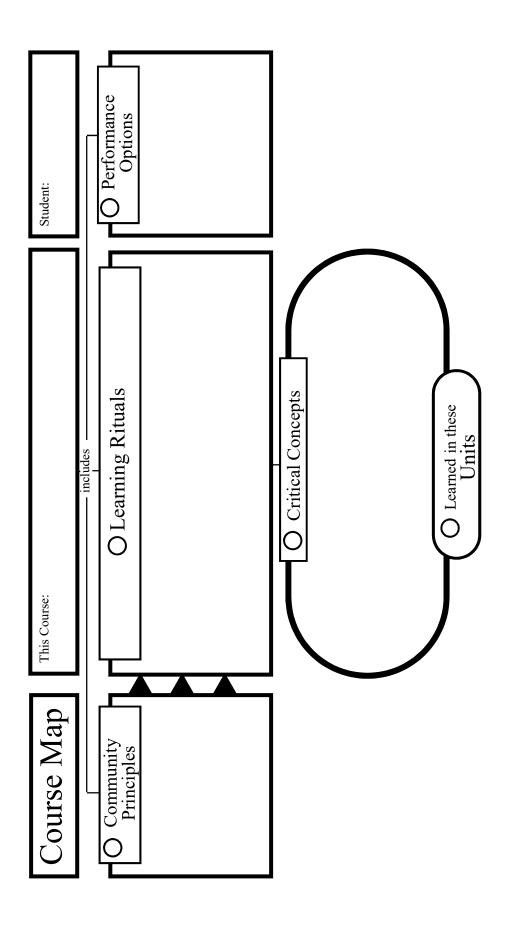
Teacher:		Rater Name:	Rater Name:		
Date:		Total Score	/40		
Rating Guide:	2 = Present and correct.	1 = Present, but needs improvement, $0 = $ Missing or Inco	rrect		

Feature	Rating	Enhancements or Feedback
The CRITICAL QUESTON:		
1. Targets the most important ideas/content of the lesson,		
unit, or course.	2 1 0	
2. Is a big idea question that students cannot immediately		
answer (usually a "how", "why" or broader "what"	2 1 0	
question).		
3. when answered makes abstract or complex content and		
relationships more understandable.	2 1 0	
4. is useful for studying (includes information that will		
most likely be assessed).	2 1 0	
The KEY TERMS & EXPLANATIONS:		
5. are each explained briefly.	2 1 0	
6. are the important words or phrases that must be	2 1 0	
understood to discuss and answer the question.	2 1 0	
7. are clear and student friendly.	2 1 0	
The SUPPORTING QUESTIONS & ANSWERS		
8. are used to "unpack" or break apart the Critical	2 1 0	
Question (written in box 3).	2 1 0	
9. have answers for each question written in the box;	2 1 0	
physically aligned to the question.	2 1 0	
10. lead to the Main Idea Answer and the Critical	2 1 0	
Question.	2 1 0	
11. often represent a coherent short answer to the question	2 1 0	
leading up to the Main Idea Answer.	2 1 0	
The MAIN IDEA ANSWER		
12. is written concisely.	2 1 0	
13. is a broad answer that can be used later in a variety of	2 1 0	
ways.	2 1 0	
14. fully incorporates understandings constructed from the	2 1 0	
key terms and smaller questions.	2 1 0	
USE IN A RELATED AREA:		
15. is a question prompting students to explore the Main	2 1 0	
Idea answer in greater depth.	2 1 0	
16. requires students to explore the Main Idea answer	2 1 0	
within the same subject.		
17. challenges students to deal with more extensive	2 1 0	
information, manipulating it differently.		
REAL WORLD USE		
18. challenges students to show how the Main Idea applies	2 1 0	
to the real world.	-	
19. is written in student-friendly language, helping	2 1 0	
students to use the critical content.		
20. results in generalization of the Main Idea OR is a	2 1 0	
Challenge Question.	<u> </u>	

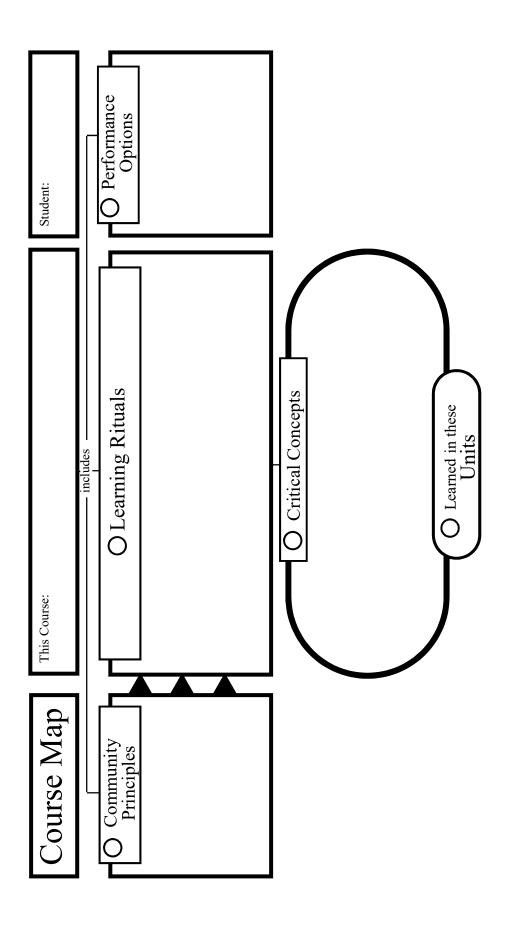




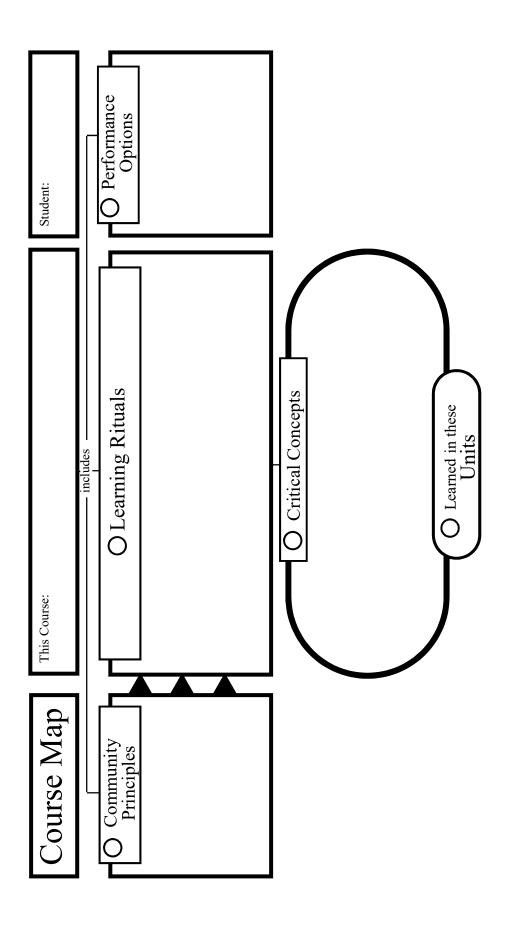
Teacher(s):	Student:
Time: Course Organizer	Zer Course Dates:
O This Course:	O Course Standards: What? Content:
about	Process:
O Course Questions:	
	Course Progress Graph



Teacher(s):	Student:
Time: Course Organizer	Zer Course Dates:
O This Course:	O Course Standards: What? Content:
about	Process:
O Course Questions:	
	Course Progress Graph



Teacher(s):	Student:
Time: Course Organizer	Zer Course Dates:
O This Course:	O Course Standards: What? Content:
about	Process:
O Course Questions:	
	Course Progress Graph



Course Organizer Routine Device Checklist

Directions: Put a checkmark (J) by each component present.

Teacher:	Coach:	
School:	Subject:	
Date:	Course:	

THIS COURSE (Course Title & Paraphrase)

p. 7 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Course Title creates a context for students

Name of course in the school curriculum, text, or basis for course and

Helps students understand what this course is about

Course Paraphrase summarizes what the course is about

Critical ideas of course are translated in words that students can understand (student-friendly),

Reveals the central meaning of the course title, and

Distinguishes the course from other courses in the subject area

COURSE QUESTIONS

p. 7 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Questions are broad in scope

Questions stimulate classroom conversations throughout entire course

Questions are limited in number (approximately ten or fewer, varies depending on course)

COURSE STANDARDS

p. 7-8 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Content: Course standards that the teacher will emphasize and use for feedback are included

Types of performance that the teacher values are listed under what,

How each course standard will be measured is listed under how, and

Point value for each course standard is listed under value

Process: process standards for learning the content are included

How students will learn and manipulate the content are listed,

Expectations for behavior and participation may be listed, and

Point value or percent of grade is indicated

Progress chart: A graph for tracking individual student progress is included

CRITICAL CONCEPTS

p. 8-9 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Concepts listed are the critical concepts or big ideas that students should know by the end of the course (concept = category, class or group of objects, ideas, events, or processes)

Concepts are limited to the most important concepts (generally fewer than 15)

Concepts are foundational, permeating, and persisting (will be emphasized throughout the course, relate to course questions, and/or cut across the course)

Critical concepts are coherent with the other parts of the Course Organizer



CONTENT MAP

p. 9 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Map shows how the parts of the course have been organized for learning

Units are listed in a linear and chronological order so that students can track units and mentally organize units

Units are limited in number (generally 10 or less) - smaller units are combined into a larger unit (grouped under an overarching theme)

COMMUNITY PRINCIPLES

p. 9 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Principles listed communicate the values, ideas and the general tone that the teacher expects
Principles communicate how students will be expected to interact with others to establish a learning
community in the classroom

Teacher helps students understand the conditions that will lead to a climate of respect and learning

LEARNING RITUALS

p. 9 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Rituals (routines, learning strategies, social skills and communication systems) that will be used through out the course are listed

Rituals are related to learning and are processes that will be taught and reinforced throughout the course

PERFORMANCE OPTIONS

p. 9 Course Organizer Routine Guidebook

Options are the modifications that the teacher will use to accommodate the diversity of learners in the classroom

Options listed are alternatives for learning or for demonstrating competence

OVERALL

Course Organizer makes abstract and complex ideas more concrete and understandable. Information on the device is spaced well (not too much, not too crowded).

The entire course organizer is coherent.

COMMENTS:

