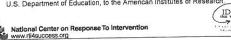
Applying an RTI Framework to Adolescent-Age Students

Evelyn Johnson (Boise State University)
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Presentation Topics

- 1. Context of RTI at secondary schools
- 2. Tiered levels of intervention (Barb)
- 3. Screening component (Evelyn)
- 4. Progress monitoring (Evelyn)
- 5. Fidelity of implementatin (Daryl)
- 6. SLD Determination (Daryl/Barb)
- 7. Leadership (Don)
- 8. Professional Development (Don/Barb)
- 9. Resources (Barb/Evelyn)
- 10. Your next steps (Don)

Images of RTI on the School Landscape



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What is RTI?

A Google listing on RTI includes:

- · RTI International Metals
- RTI International (Research Triangle Park, NC)
- · Remote Technologies Inc.
- · Real Time Innovations, Inc.
- Restaurant Technologies Incorporated
- · Record Technology, Inc



What is RTI?



- · Response to Intervention
- Organizational framework for instructional and curricular decisions and practices based on students' responses
- RTI Components
- Screening
- Tiers of instructionProgress monitoring
- Fidelity indicators

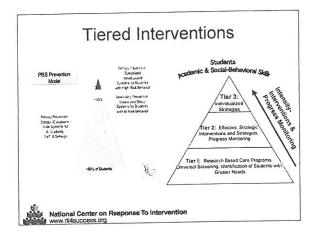
What do we mean by RTI?

Response to intervention integrates assessment and intervention within a multi-level prevention system to maximize student achievement and to reduce behavior problems.

With RTI, schools identify students at risk for poor learning outcomes, monitor student progress, provide evidence-based interventions and adjust the intensity and nature of those interventions depending on a student's responsiveness, and identify students with learning disabilities or other disabilities.



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Views on RTI applications

Distinct Uses

- 1. Prevention (kdg & early 1st grade) (e.g., McMaster et al., O'Connor et al., Torgesen et al., Vaughn et al, Vellutino et al.)
- 2. Intervention for students with achievement or behavior problems
- As a component of SLD determination (e.g., Fuchs et al.; Speece et al.)

Genesis

- · Public health applied to education
 - Prediction
 - Inoculation, and
 - Tiered intervention
- School-wide reform - Meeting AYP; data driven
 - Shifting staff roles
 - Accountability
- Component of disability determination



What's so special about those middle school settings?

(Johnson & Smith, 2008)

- 1. Major transition in students' academic career
 - Changing school, longer school day, more departmental emphasis, more complex assignments, independence expected
- 2. Lack of school-wide intervention models
- 3. Foundational to high school success (Morris, Ehren, & Lenz, 1991)
- Shift from teaching basic skills to relying on those basic skills for acquiring information (Deshler, Hock, Catts, 2006; Swanson, 2001)



Considerations at the Secondary Level

- What percentage of the students are meeting expected performance levels?
- What role do the instructors have in developing students' literacy skills and strategies?
- Fundamental Issue: The quality of the primary preventative level of curriculum and instructional practices



RTI Research: Separating the wheat from the chaff



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Establishing RTI Rigor:

Requires scientifically-based research

- Employ systematic, empirical methods that draw on observation or experiment;
- Involve rigorous data analyses that are adequate to test the stated hypotheses and justify the general conclusions;
- Rely on measurements or observational methods that provide valid data across evaluators and observers, and across multiple measurements and observations; and
- Be accepted by a peer-reviewed journal or approved by a panel of independent experts through a comparatively rigorous, objective, and scientific

Images of RTI in Secondary Settings



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Research Studies of RTI at the Secondary Level

- No experimental studies in an RTI framework of commonly associated components
 - Screening
 - Student progress monitoring
 - Tiered level of services
 - Implementation fidelity
- · Descriptive studies of a few high schools

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Ideas for Improving Reading Skills at the Secondary Level (Torgesen, 2004)

- Every professional in the school teaches reading/literacy 45-60 min/day
- Children with lowest reading skills are taught in smallest groups (4-6 students)
- Instruction is provided to different groups/classes based on need—word level skills, advanced decoding/fluency, comprehension strategies, critical thinking/analysis in reading/writing
- iv. Adopt a comprehensive literacy/language arts program like Language! that has been written for older children
- v. Create different classes of 15-20 students based on entering levels of skill



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Topic: Implementation

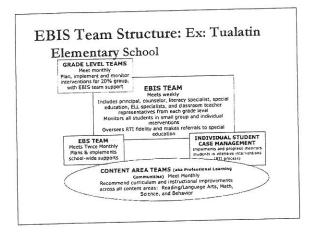




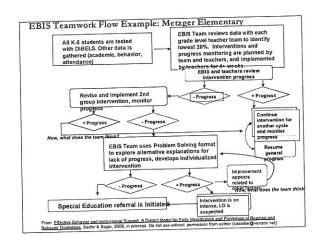
Effective Behavior & Instructional

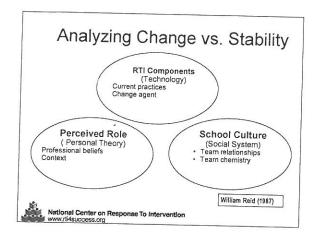
Support (EBIS) (Combined PBS, EIS, RTI)

- U.S. Ed, OSEP Model Demonstration (#H324T000025) 1/1/2001-12/31/2005
- Tigard-Tualatin School District (suburban, Oregon, 13,000 students, 10 elementary schools, Title 1 in 5)
- Project Director: Carol Sadler, Ph.D.
 Psychologist/Administrator (retired) casadler@verizon.net
- Added early reading and RTI (as a component of the evaluation of mild disabilities, primarily LD) to district's five year implementation of Effective Behavior Support (EBS, aka PBS/Positive Behavior Interventions & Supports)



EBIS Decision Rules — Grades 1–5 Place students in the 20% group when: Academic skills fall below benchmark and place them in the lowest 20% compared to their peers on one or more of the following measures: DISELS, DORF, Math & Writing curriculum based assessments, OSA. Chronic problems with attendance and/or socio-emotional-behavioral skills occur, as defined by: One than 5 absences in a 30 day period on 3 or more discipline or counseling referrals in a 30 day period Modify interventions when: Progress monitoring indicates 3 or more data points below the aim line. If data is highly variable, maintain the current intervention for another month to establish a trend line. If the progress is monitored once weekly Individualize interventions when: Progress then dunder small group instruction is below the airline for two consecutive intervention periods (at 8, 12 or 16 weeks, depending on the data). Refer to Special Education when: After one highly structured, individualized intervention, progress continues below airline. Progress is monitored twice weekly or more frequently if needed





How can teaming be organized at the secondary level?

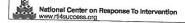
- Site-based literacy teams
- Teachers working across subject areas
- Teachers working within subject areas



NHSC: Sustaining Focus

Amy Bacevich & Terry Salinger

- Continuity with the *whole* district, especially reading and math interventions
- 2. Student progress is monitored against defined outcomes
- 3. The "true" model or vision is specified
- 4. Education is viewed as a team sport; not free agents in classrooms
- Sustaining the effort is at the top of the agenda: professional development; effective strategies; school buy-in



How does your thinking change?



How does your mental image change when the language changes from --

> Low achievers to nonresponders

Student responsiveness changes as a result of (whose?) curricular and instructional decisions



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Data Analysis Teaming

Teams of like teachers working together to...

- Access critical data on all students' performance related to achievement of standards
- Analyze data and find which students have which gaps in attainments
- Set measurable goals to close the gap
- Brainstorm or create instructional strategies



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Time for a Check-Up

- 1. Find your copy of the RTI Implementation Tool
- 2. Let's get acquainted with *Intended Uses* and the *Considerations* (page 2)
- 3. Give your school a rating on the 83 items
- 4. How many "√s" and "Ns"?



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